

STIC Search Report

STIC Database Tracking No.

TO: Elizabeth Mulvaney Location: REM 10B77

Art Unit: 1774 March 30, 2005

Case Serial Number: 10/619642

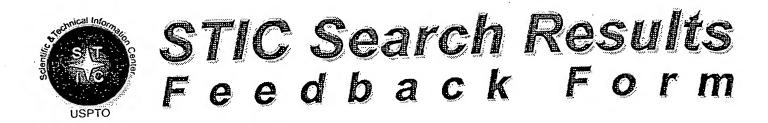
From: Usha Shrestha Location: EIC 1700 REMSEN 4B28

Phone: 571/272-3519

usha.shrestha@uspto.gov

| Search Notes | <u> </u> | |
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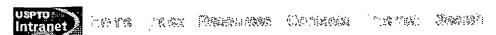


EIC17000

Questions about the scope or the results of the search? Contact the EIC searcher or contact:

Kathleen Fuller, EIC 1700 Team Leader 571/272-2505 REMSEN 4B28

| Voluntary Results Feedback Form |
|---|
| I am an examiner in Workgroup: Example: 1713 Relevant prior art found, search results used as follows: |
| 102 rejection |
| 103 rejection |
| Cited as being of interest. |
| Helped examiner better understand the invention. |
| Helped examiner better understand the state of the art in their technology. |
| Types of relevant prior art found: |
| ☐ Foreign Patent(s) |
| Non-Patent Literature (journal articles, conference proceedings, new product announcements etc.) |
| > Relevant prior art not found: |
| Results verified the lack of relevant prior art (helped determine patentability). |
| Results were not useful in determining patentability or understanding the invention. |
| Comments: |



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SCIENTIFIC REFERENCE BR

For all other search requests, fill out the form, print, and submit the price rech Inf . Cnt with any attachments to the STIC facility serving your Technology Center.

| Tech Center: | MAR 2 2 RECO |
|--|--------------------|
| O TC 1600 | Pat. & T.M. Office |
| Enter your Contact Information below: | · |
| Name: Elizabeth Mulvaney | |
| Employee Number: 69702 Phone: 571-272-1527 | |
| Art Unit or Office: 1774 Building & Room Number: 10B77 | |
| Enter the case serial number (Required): 10/6 19,642 | w+2- |
| Class / Subclass(es) 428/64.8, 430/270.14 | |
| Earliest Priority Filing Date: 1202 7/15/03 | |
| Format preferred for results: □ Paper □ Diskette ☑ E-mail | |
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Provide detailed information on your search topic:

- In your own words, describe in detail the concepts or subjects you want us to search.
- Include synonyms, keywords, and acronyms. Define terms that have special meanings.
- *For Chemical Structure Searches Only* Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers
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the appropriate serial number.

- *For Foreign Patent Family Searches Only* Include the country name and patent number.
- Provide examples or give us relevant citations, authors, etc., if known.
- FAX or send the abstract, pertinent claims (not all of the claims), drawings, or chemical structures to your EIC or branch library.

| | | | | | recording | medterial | for | an | optical | |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|---|----------------------|----------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------------|-------|
| storage | medium | (disk, | disc, | dvd). | | | | | | |
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| larificatio | n on your | search.) | | | | | | | | 12000 |
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Last Modified: 08/20/2004 09:04:50

24. The storage medium of Claim 23, wherein the light absorbing material comprises the anthraquinone derivative selected from the group consisting of 1,4-, 1,5- and 1,8-anthraquinone derivatives, and a combination comprising at least one of the foregoing anthraquinone derivatives, having a Formula (IX), (X) and (XI) respectively

$$R_{7}$$
 R_{8}
 R_{7}
 R_{8}
 R_{7}
 R_{8}
 R_{8}
 R_{7}
 R_{8}
 R_{8}
 R_{7}
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 R_{5}
 R_{5}
 R_{7}
 R_{8}
 R_{1}
 R_{2}
 R_{3}
 R_{4}
 R_{5}
 R_{5

(XI)

wherein R₁ - R₇ are, individually, selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, a hydroxyl group, an aliphatic group, an aromatic group, a heterocyclic group, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, --COR₉, --COOR₉, --NR₉R₁₀, -- $NR_{10}COR_{11}$, -- $NR_{10}SO_2R_{11}$, -- $CONR_9R_{10}$, -- $CONHSO_2R_{11}$, and -- SO_2NHCOR_{11} ; in which R₉ and R₁₀ are, individually, selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, an aliphatic group, an aromatic group, and a heterocyclic group; wherein R11 is selected from the group consisting of an aliphatic group, an aromatic group, and a heterocyclic group; and wherein R is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, an alkyl group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a cycloalkyl group containing 3 to 20 carbon atoms, an allyl group containing 3 to 20 carbon atoms, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, a carboxylic acid, an aryl group containing 6 to 10 carbon atoms, an amino group containing less than or equal to 20 carbon atoms, an amido group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a carbamoyl group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an ester group containing 2 to 20 carbon atoms, an alkoxy or aryloxy group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a sulfonamido group containing 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a sulfamoyl group containing less than or equal to 20 atoms, a 5- membered heterocyclic ring, and a 6- membered heterocyclic ring.

- 25. The storage medium of Claim 24, wherein the light absorbing material comprises the 1,8-anthraquinone derivatives having the Formula (XI).
- 26. The storage medium of Claim 25, wherein the light absorbing material comprises 1,8 bis(cyclohexylamino) anthraquinone.
- 27. The storage medium of Claim 25, wherein the light absorbing material comprises 1,8-dialkylamino anthraquinone.
- 28. The storage medium of Claim 25, wherein the light absorbing material is present in an amount of about 0.1 wt% to about 0.4 wt%, based upon the total weight of the control portion.

29. The storage medium of Claim 23, wherein the light absorbing material comprises the benzopyran derivative having a Formula (XII)

$$R_1$$
 R_2
 R_3
 R_4
 R_5
 R_6
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_8
 R_8

(XII)

where R is an unsubstituted or substituted aryl group, R_8 is selected from the group consisting of alkoxycarbonyl, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzoxazolyl, or quinoxalinyl; R_1 and R_2 are, independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, unsubstituted or substituted alkyl groups, wherein the substitution is selected from the group consisting of C_1 - C_{15} monovalent hydrocarbyl, alkoxy, cyano, halo,carboxyl, and carbalkoxy.

30. The storage medium of Claim 23, wherein the light absorbing material comprises the vat violet dye having the Formula (XIV)

$$R_2$$
 R_3
 R_4
 R_4
 R_5
 R_4
 R_4

(XIV)

where R₁, R₂, R₃ and R₄, are, individually, selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, alkyl, aryl, alkoxy, alcoyl, amide, alcohol, nitrile, nitro, ester, and ether.

31. The storage medium of Claim 23, wherein the anthraquinone derivative of Formula (XV)

$$R_7$$
 R_8
 R_9
 R_1
 R_2
 R_6
 R_5
 R_4
 R_3
 R_4
 R_5
 R_7
 R_8
 R_8
 R_9
 R_9
 R_1
 R_2
 R_3
 R_4
 R_5

wherein R₁ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, an aliphatic group, an aromatic group, and a heterocyclic group; R₂, R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, R₈, and R₉ are, individually, selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, an alkyl group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a cycloalkyl group having 3 to 20 carbon atoms, an allyl group having 3 to 20 carbon atoms, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, a carboxylic acid, an aryl group having 6 to 10 carbon atoms, an amino group having less than or equal to 20 carbon atoms, an amido group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a carbamoyl group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an ester group having 2 to 20 carbon atoms, an alkoxy or aryloxy group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a sulfide group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a sulfonamido group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a sulfamoyl group having less than or equal to 20 atoms, a 5- membered heterocyclic ring, and a 6- membered heterocyclic ring; and wherein at least one group of R₁ R₂, R₃, R₄, R₅, R₆, R₇, R₈, and R₉ is different from a hydrogen atom.

- 32. The storage medium of Claim 31, wherein the light absorbing material is present in an amount of about 0.1 wt% to about 0.4 wt%, based upon the total weight of the control portion.
- 33. The storage medium Claim 1, wherein the control portion has a transmissivity of less than or equal to about 0.1% at a wavelength of 550 nm.
 - 34. The storage medium Claim 1, wherein the storage medium is a DVD.

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FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:44:00 ON 30 MAR 2005
L1
               STR
L2
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    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:25:46 ON 30 MAR 2005
            50 S L1
L5
             0 S L2
L6
L7
            24 S L3
            44 S L4
L8
    FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:45:07 ON 30 MAR 2005
L9
             0 S US20050013232/PN
L10
             0 S US20050013232/PN, AP, PRN
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:52:03 ON 30 MAR 2005
             STR L1
L12
               STR
L13
             0 S L12
L14
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L15
         50 S L14
           50 S L11
L16
L17
              STR L12
L18
           11 S L17
           170 S 7678.36.1/RID
L19
L20
           707 S 4364.23.3/RID
L21
         26126 S L16 FUL
L22
           589 S L3 FUL
               SAV L21 MUL642/A
               SAV L22 MUL642A/A
    FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:42:57 ON 30 MAR 2005
L23
           46 S L19
L24
           376 S L20
L25
        16347 S L21
L26
         1084 S L22
L27 17594 S L23 OR L24 OR L25 OR L26
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| L28 | 283 | S I | L27(L)OPTIC? |
|-----|-----|-----|---|
| L29 | 41 | SI | L28 AND LIGH? (3A) (ABSOR? OR ADSOR? OR ADHER?) |
| L30 | 41 | SI | L27(L)LIGH?(3A)(ABSOR? OR ADSOR? OR ADHER?) |
| L31 | 71 | SI | L29 OR L30 |
| | | SEI | L HIT RN 1- |
| L32 | 22 | SI | L31 AND (DEVIC? OR DISK? OR DISC? OR DVD) |
| L33 | 22 | SI | L31 AND RECORD? |
| L34 | 39 | SI | L32 OR L33 |

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=> d que 123

L19 170 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 7678.36.1/RID L23 46 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L19

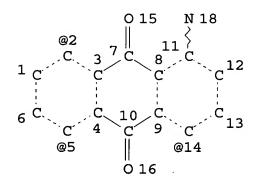
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L24 376 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L20

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VPA 17-14/5/2 U NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 18

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

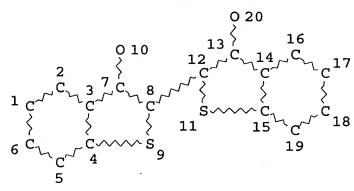
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L25 16347 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L21

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L3

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NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 20

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L22

589 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L3

L26

1084 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L22

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=> d l34 1-39 ibib abs hitstr hitind

L34 ANSWER 1 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:99720 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:207701

TITLE:

Limited play optical storage medium, method

for making the same

INVENTOR(S):

Sivakumar, Krishnamoorthy; Schottland,

Philippe; Sahoo, Binod Behari; Shankarling, Ganapati Subray; Sait, Meerakani Mohamed Ali;

Dhalla, Adil Minoo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

General Electric Company, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 80 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| DATE | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. |
|------|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|
| | | | | |
| | WO 2005010872 | A1 | 20050203 | WO 2004-US22482 |

2004

0714

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AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ,
         W:
             CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG,
             ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP,
             KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD,
             MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL,
             PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN,
             TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM,
             ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH,
             CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU,
             MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
             CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 2003-619642
                                                                Α.
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2003

0715

AB A limited play optical storage medium for data comprises: a reflective layer, a control portion comprising an optically transparent polymeric resin and a light absorbing material, wherein the control portion has a light transmission of greater than or equal to about 70% at 650 nm, a curing index of greater than or equal to about 0.1 and a filtration index of greater than or equal to about 2.5, and wherein the light absorbing material has a min. extinction coefficient (measured in CH2Cl2 solution) at 600 nm of

greater than or equal to 1,500 mol-1 cm-1 L, a maximum extinction

coefficient (measured in CH2Cl2 solution) at 650 nm of less than about

1,000 mol-1 cm-1 L, a ratio of extinction coefficient at 650 nm to 600 $\,$

nm less than about 0.1, and a reactive layer disposed between the reflective layer and the control portion, wherein the reactive layer is designed to limit the time during which data on the medium (disposed on a side of the reactive layer opposite the control portion), can be accessed after exposure to oxygen.

IT 1614-59-1P 33175-76-7P, 1,5-Bis(isopropylamino)anthragui

Bis(isopropylamino)anthraquinone 60316-44-1P, 1,8-Bis(isopropylamino)anthraquinone 70711-39-6P 75312-57-1P 478695-69-1P 825190-77-0P 836627-38-4P

(light absorbing material; limited play optical storage medium containing)

RN 1614-59-1 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,5-bis[[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]amino]-(9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 33175-76-7 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,5-bis[(1-methylethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 60316-44-1 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,8-bis[(1-methylethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 70711-39-6 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,8-bis[[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]amino]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$Me_2N-(CH_2)_3-NH$$
 O $NH-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$

RN 75312-57-1 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,8-bis[[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]amino]-(9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 478695-69-1 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,8-bis(cyclohexylamino) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 825190-77-0 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,8-bis[(2-ethylhexyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 836627-38-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Naphthalenecarboxamide, N-[6-cyano-3-(diethylamino)-7H[1]benzopyrano[3',2':3,4]pyrido[1,2-a]benzimidazol-7-ylidene](9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 52372-39-1

(preparation of **light absorbing** material for limited play **optical** storage medium)

RN 52372-39-1 HCAPLUS

CN 7H-[1]Benzopyrano[3',2':3,4]pyrido[1,2-a]benzimidazole-6-carbonitrile, 3-(diethylamino)-7-imino-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G11B007-00

ICS C09B001-28; C09B057-02

CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT Optical disks

Optical recording materials (limited play optical storage medium) IT 1614-59-1P 33175-76-7P, 1,5-Bis (isopropylamino) anthraquinone 60316-44-1P, 1,8-Bis(isopropylamino)anthraquinone 70711-39-6P 75312-57-1P 478695-69-1P 825190-77-0P 836627-38-4P (light absorbing material; limited play optical storage medium containing) 75-31-0, Isopropyl amine, reactions 82-43-9, IT 82-46-2, 1,5-Dichloroanthraguinone 1,8-Dichloroanthraquinone 100-36-7, N,N-Diethylethylenediamine 104-75-6, 2-Ethylhexylamine 108-91-8, Cyclohexylamine, reactions 109-55-7 879-18-5, 1-Naphthoyl chloride 52372-39-1 (preparation of light absorbing material for limited play optical storage medium) REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L34 ANSWER 2 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 2004:372897 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:376060 TITLE: Amber polyester compositions and container articles produced therefrom Weaver, Max Allen; Strand, Marc Alan; INVENTOR(S): Kendrick, Crystal Leigh; Rhodes, Gerry Foust; Williams, Gertrude; Pearson, Jason Clay; Upshaw, Timothy Alan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 32 pp. CODEN: USXXCO DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE _ _ _ _ US 2004087688 A1 20040506 US 2002-284592

2002

1031

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US 6787589
                          B2
                                 20040907
     WO 2004041935
                          A1
                                 20040521
                                             WO 2003-US33490
2003
1022
     WO 2004041935
                          C1
                                 20040826
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             CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES,
             FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE,
             KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG,
             MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO,
             RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
             UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ,
             DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN,
             GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     EP 1456299
                                20040915
                                             EP 2003-774924
                          A1
2003
1022
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE,
         R:
             MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ,
             EE, HU, SK
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             US 2002-284592
                                                                 Α
2002
1031
                                             WO 2003-US33490
2003
1022
     This application discloses amber colored polyesters
AB
     suitable for packaging food and beverages. The amber polyester
     compns. provide excellent blockage of UV and visible light over
     the wavelength ranges of from about 320-550 nm, rendering them
     particularly suitable for packaging materials sensitive to UV and
     visible light over this wavelength range, particularly beer.
     Thus, di-Me terephthalate 97.0, ethylene glycol 61.5, and
     1,4-cyclohexanedimethanol 1.12 g were polymerized in the
```

presence of a

mixture of light absorbing compds. and molded to give a film with good UV and visible light blockage (300-550 nm).

IT 81-78-7, Benzoic acid, 2,2'-[(9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-1,5-anthracenediyl)diimino]bis-95618-38-5,

9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,5-bis[(3-hydroxypropyl)amino]-

(light absorbing compound; amber polyester compns. for container articles with good UV and visible light blockage)

RN 81-78-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2,2'-[(9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-1,5-anthracenediyl)diimino]bis-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 95618-38-5 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,5-bis[(3-hydroxypropyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 134874-82-1, 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,5-bis ((3-hydroxy-2,2dimethylpropyl)amino]-

(light absorbing compds.; amber polyester compns. for container articles with good UV and visible light blockage)

RN 134874-82-1 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione,

1,5-bis[(3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethylpropyl)amino]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08K005-00

NCL 523508000

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 17, 38, 41

81-78-7, Benzoic acid, 2,2'-[(9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-1,5-IT anthracenediyl)diimino]bis- 3435-56-1, Propanedioic acid, [[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-, diethyl ester

41737-97-7,

1,4-Benzenediacetonitrile, α,α' -bis[3-[4-(dimethylamino) phenyl] -2-propenylidene] - 95618-38-5, 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,5-bis[(3-hydroxypropyl)amino]-148745-62-4, Poly[(methylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-1,2ethenediyl)-1,4-phenylene(1-cyano-1,2-ethenediyl)-1,4-phenylene] (light absorbing compound; amber polyester compns. for container articles with good UV and visible light blockage)

3695-85-0, 2-Propenoic acid, 2-cyano-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, methyl IT 53554-75-9, 2-Propenoic acid, 3-[4-[bis[2-(acetyloxy)ethyl]amino]-2-methylphenyl]-2-cyano-, methyl ester 72955-44-3, 2-Propenoic acid, 2-cyano-3-(4-hydroxy-3methoxyphenyl)-, methyl ester 100417-92-3, Propanedioic acid, [3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-2-propenylidene]-, diethyl ester

```
105918-68-1, 2,4-Pentadienoic acid, 2-cyano-5-[4-
(dimethylamino)phenyl]-, methyl ester 133185-93-0, 2-Propenoic
```

3,3'-[1,2-ethanediylbis[oxy(3-methoxy-4,1-phenylene)]]bis[2cyano-, dimethyl ester 134874-82-1, 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,5-bis[(3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethylpropyl)amino]-148721-30-6, Poly[oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxy(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-

1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene (methylimino)-1,4-phenylene (2-cyano-3-oxo-1propene-1,3-diyl)] 684282-03-9 684282-05-1 684282-06-2 (light absorbing compds.; amber polyester compns. for container articles with good UV and visible light blockage)

REFERENCE COUNT:

26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS

AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L34 ANSWER 3 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:663497 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:181223

TITLE:

Multilayer polyester optical film for bonding

on display surface

INVENTOR(S):

Oya, Taro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Teijin-Du Pont Film Inc., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 21 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| DATE | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. |
|------|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|
| ٠ | | | | |
| | JP 2003237006 | A2 | 20030826 | JP 2002-43040 |
| 2002 | | | | |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-43040

2002

0220

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 139:181223

AB The film giving high color purity, contrast, and antireflection without decreasing brightness, is obtained by laminating a UV absorbent-containing polyester layer with a colorant-containing polyester

layer and biaxially orienting the laminate and has haze \leq 5% and light transmittance satisfying X 560-610 nm, Y \leq 80 nm, Tabs/T540 <0.8, T620/T530 0.5-1.5, and T450/T530 0.5-1.5 (X = maximum

absorption peak wavelength in 540-630 nm-visible light; Y = maximum absorption peak half width in 540-630 nm-visible light; Tabs, T450, T540, and T620 are light transmittance at maximum absorption peak wavelength in 540-630 nm-visible light, 450 nm-wavelength, 540 nm-wavelength, and 620 nm-wavelength, resp.). Thus, a HS 299 (dye)-containing poly(ethylene terephthalate) was extruded between extruded UV absorber-containing poly(ethylene terephthalate) layers to give a trilayer laminate, which was biaxially oriented to give a film showing average light transmittance 40-60% and haze 3-5%.

IT 128-80-3, Kayaset Green AB

(dye; multilayer polyester optical film having UV
 absorber-containing layer and colorant-containing layer for
bonding on

display surface)

RN 128-80-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-bis[(4-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM B32B027-36

ICS B29C055-12; B32B007-02; B32B027-18; B32B027-20; G02B005-22; G02F001-1335; H01J029-89; B29K067-00; B29L007-00;

B29L009-00;

B29L011-00

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 73, 74

IT Anthraquinone dyes

Cyanine dyes

Laminated plastic films

Optical films

Optical imaging devices

UV stabilizers

(multilayer polyester optical film having UV

absorber-containing

layer and colorant-containing layer for bonding on display surface)

IT 128-80-3, Kayaset Green AB 71872-86-1, Kayaset Orange AN
401585-25-9, HS 299 401585-32-8, HS 307 401585-61-3, HS 296
401586-00-3, Kayaset Yellow EG

(dye; multilayer polyester optical film having UV
 absorber-containing layer and colorant-containing layer for
bonding on

display surface)

L34 ANSWER 4 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:217004 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:245716

TITLE:

Biaxially oriented weather-resistant

polyester

films and their laminated protective films

for .

displays with increased contrast

INVENTOR(S):

Oya, Taro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Teijin-Du Pont Film Inc., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| DATE | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. |
|------|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|
| | | | | |
| | JP 2003082127 | A2 | 20030319 | JP 2001-271530 |

2001

0907

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2001-271530

2001

0907

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 138:245716

AB The polyester films containing UV absorbers and visible light absorbers with haze ≤5%, average transmittance of light at 450-650 nm (Tav) 0.40-0.80, and Ti/Tav 0.70-1.30 (Ti = light transmittance at wavelength i). The laminates may have a pressure-sensitive adhesive layer, a hard coat layer, and an antireflective layer.

IT 128-80-3, Kayaset Green AB

(visible light absorber; weather-resistant optical polyester films for displays)

RN 128-80-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-bis[(4-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08J005-18

ICS B29C055-12; B32B007-02; B32B027-18; B32B027-36; C08K005-35; C08L067-00; C09K003-00; G02B001-10; B29K067-00; B29L007-00; B29L011-00

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

IT Carbon black, uses

(visible **light absorber**; weather-resistant optical polyester films for displays)

IT Antireflective films

Optical imaging devices

UV stabilizers

(weather-resistant optical polyester films for displays)

IT 128-80-3, Kayaset Green AB 96777-98-9, Kayaset Black AN (visible light absorber; weather-resistant optical polyester films for displays)

L34 ANSWER 5 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:14165 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:57146

TITLE:

Biaxially oriented polyester films for

optical

uses

INVENTOR(S):

Oya, Taro; Iida, Makoto; Fukuda, Masayuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Teijin Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 21 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| DATE | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. |
|------|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|
| | 2 | | | |
| | JP 2003001703 | A2 | 20030108 | JP 2001-191058 |

2001

0625

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2001-191058

2001

0625

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 138:57146

GI

AB The films suitable for bonding on displays for protection, comprise light absorbers and UV absorbers and have light transmittance of visible light with wave length 400-650 nm to satisfy X = 560-610 nm; Y ≤80 nm; Tabs/T540 <0.80; 0.5 < T620/T540 < 1.5; and 0.5 < T450/T540 < 1.5, where X, Y, and Tabs represent wave length,

half width, and transmittance at maximum absorption peak in 540-630

nm-visible light, resp., and T450, T540, and T620 represent transmittance at wave length 450, 540, and 620 nm, resp. Thus, a biaxially oriented film containing poly(ethylene terephthalate), I (UV

absorber), HS 299 (dye as light absorber), and SiO2 showed light transmittance 40-60% and haze ≤2.0%.

IT 128-80-3, Kayaset Green AB (light absorber; biaxially oriented polyester optical films containing UV absorbers and light absorbers for display protection)

128-80-3 HCAPLUS 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-bis[(4-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) CN INDEX NAME)

RN

IC ICM B29C055-12

> ICS B32B027-36; C08J005-18; C08K005-357; C08L067-00; C09J007-02; C09J167-00; B29K067-00; B29L007-00; B29L011-00

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses) Section cross-reference(s): 73, 74

ST polyester optical film display protection; UV absorber PET optical

film; light absorber PET optical film

IT Adhesive films
Optical films
Optical imaging devices

UV stabilizers

(biaxially oriented polyester optical films containing UV absorbers and light absorbers for

display protection)

IT Polyesters, uses

(biaxially oriented polyester optical films containing UV absorbers and light absorbers for

display protection)

IT 18600-59-4 49861-20-3

(UV absorber; biaxially oriented polyester optical films containing

UV absorbers and light absorbers

for display protection)

IT 41686-21-9, Ethyl acrylate-2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate-methyl methacrylate-N-methylolacrylamide copolymer 161122-25-4, Diethylene glycol-ethylene glycol-isophthalic acid-2,6-naphthalenedicarboxylic acid-sodium 5-sulfoisophthalate copolymer (adhesive layer containing; biaxially oriented polyester

optical
films containing UV absorbers and light
absorbers for display protection)

IT 128-80-3, Kayaset Green AB 71872-86-1, Kayaset Orange AN 401585-25-9, HS 299 401585-32-8, HS 307 401585-61-3, HS 296 401586-00-3, Kayaset Yellow EG

(light absorber; biaxially oriented polyester optical films containing UV absorbers and light absorbers for display protection)

L34 ANSWER 6 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:847862 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:343945

TITLE: Colored master pellets for optical moldings

and their use in colored optical disk

substrates

INVENTOR(S): Sakamoto, Akihiro; Ninomiya, Hideo; Shimizu,

Hisayoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

```
PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
DATE
     JP 2002322290
                        A2
                                20021108 JP 2001-129659
2001
0426
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP 2001-129659
2001
0426
     The pellets are formed from compns. containing colorants and
AB
     transparent thermoplastic resins (e.g., aromatic
polycarbonates), and
     ≥90% of the pellets satisfy colorant d. 0.5X-1.5X (X = average)
     value of colorant d. expressed by light
     absorption). Optionally, the pellets have length 2.0-3.3
     mm, cross-sectional long diameter 2.0-3.5 mm, number of ≥200
     \mum-foreign matter per 1 kg \leq1, and content of the
     colored composition-derived powder having size ≤1.0 mm
     ≤250 ppm. Manufacturing steps of the pellets are also
described.
     Colored optical disks, CD-R, or DVD-R are
     formed from molding materials containing 3-50% of the above
master
     pellets and 50-97% of transparent thermoplastic resin pellets.
     Since the master pellets have uniform color d., molded articles
     such as optical disks have uniform color and are free of
     color streaks.
IT
     81-39-0, C.I. Solvent Red 52 81-42-5, C.I.
    Disperse Violet 28 128-80-3, Oil Green 5602
     522-75-8, C.I. Vat Red 41 6371-23-9, C.I. Vat
    Red 2 6492-68-8, C.I. Vat Red 47 10114-49-5,
     C.I. Solvent Red 207 21295-57-8, C.I. Solvent Red 149
     28198-05-2, C.I. Solvent Green 20 32724-62-2,
    Macrolex Blue RR
        (colorant; colored master pellets for optical
       moldings for colored optical disk
      substrates)
     81-39-0 HCAPLUS
RN
     3H-Naphtho[1,2,3-de]quinoline-2,7-dione, 3-methyl-6-[(4-
```

methylphenyl)amino] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN

RN 81-42-5 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-diamino-2,3-dichloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 128-80-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-bis[(4-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 522-75-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzo[b]thiophen-3(2H)-one, 2-(3-oxobenzo[b]thien-2(3H)-ylidene)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 6371-23-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzo[b]thiophen-3(2H)-one, 5,7-dichloro-2-(6-chloro-4-methyl-3-oxobenzo[b]thien-2(3H)-ylidene)-4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 6492-68-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzo[b]thiophen-3(2H)-one, 6-chloro-2-(6-chloro-3-oxobenzo[b]thien-2(3H)-ylidene)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 10114-49-5 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,5-bis[(3-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 21295-57-8 HCAPLUS
CN 3H-Naphtho[1,2,3-de]quinoline-2,7-dione, 6-(cyclohexylamino)-3-methyl- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 28198-05-2 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-bis[(4-butylphenyl)amino]-5,8-dihydroxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 32724-62-2 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-bis[(2,6-diethyl-4-methylphenyl)amino]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08J003-22

ICS C08J005-00; C08K005-00; C08L101-00; C09B001-22; C09B001-28; C09B005-14; C09B056-00; C09B057-00; C09B067-22; G11B007-24

CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

ST colorant master pellet thermoplastic resin optical disk

IT Polycarbonates, uses

(aromatic; colored master pellets for optical moldings for colored

optical disk substrates)

IT Dyes

Optical ROM disks

Pellets

(colored master pellets for optical moldings for colored optical disk substrates)

IT Coloring materials

(pellets; colored master pellets for optical moldings for colored optical disk substrates)

IT 81-39-0, C.I. Solvent Red 52 81-42-5, C.I.
Disperse Violet 28 81-48-1, C.I. Solvent Violet 13 128-66-5,
C.I. Vat Yellow 4 128-70-1, C.I. Vat Orange 9 128-80-3
, Oil Green 5602 522-75-8, C.I. Vat Red 41 1324-11-4,

```
C.I. Vat Orange 1 1324-33-0, C.I. Vat Orange 4
                                                       1324-35-2,
C.I.
     Vat Orange 2 6371-23-9, C.I. Vat Red 2 6492-68-8
     , C.I. Vat Red 47 6706-75-8, C.I. Solvent Red 22
                                                         6829-22-7,
                     6925-69-5, C.I. Solvent Orange 60
     Plast Red 8370
                                                         8003-22-3,
     C.I. Solvent Yellow 33
                            8005-40-1, C.I. Solvent Violet 14
     10114-49-5, C.I. Solvent Red 207 12226-86-7, C.I.
     Solvent Orange 55 12671-74-8, C.I. Solvent Yellow 98
     16294-75-0, C.I. Solvent Orange 63
                                         20749-68-2, C.I. Solvent Red
     135 21295-57-8, C.I. Solvent Red 149 28198-05-2
     , C.I. Solvent Green 20 32724-62-2, Macrolex Blue RR
     34185-28-9, Plast Yellow 8010 35773-43-4, Macrolex Fluorescent
                  42757-85-7, Plast Yellow 8050
                                                  71832-19-4, C.I.
     Yellow 10GN
     Solvent Red 168
                      74113-99-8, C.I. Solvent Blue 87 75216-43-2,
     C.I. Disperse Yellow 160 82953-57-9, Lumogen F Orange 240 . . .
     95567-21-8, C.I. Solvent Red 150
                                     100443-95-6, Lumogen F Yellow
     083 114013-41-1, C.I. Solvent Red 151
                                             123515-19-5, C.I.
     Solvent Blue 94 226894-64-0, C.I. Solvent Yellow 54
     389105-45-7, Macrolex Fluorescent Red G
                                              389105-46-8, Plast Red
D
         389105-49-1, Kp Plast Red HG
     54
                                        389105-50-4, Kp Plast Red H
2G
     422509-61-3, Lumogen F Red 305 474271-67-5, C.I. Solvent Red
191
     474274-15-2, Lumogen F Red 339
        (colorant; colored master pellets for optical
       moldings for colored optical disk
        substrates)
IT
     24936-68-3, Bisphenol A-phosqene copolymer, SRU, uses
     25971-63-5, Bisphenol A-phosgene copolymer - 174408-80-1,
    Bisphenol M-bisphenol TMC-phosgene copolymer 400716-93-0,
    Bisphenol A-bisphenol A disodium salt-carbonic acid copolymer
        (colored master pellets for optical moldings for colored
       optical disk substrates)
L34 ANSWER 7 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2002:673169 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        137:208170
                        Macromolecular electroluminescent element
TITLE:
with
                        light absorption layer
INVENTOR(S):
                        Komaki, Hatsumi; Kai, Teruhiko; Sekine,
                        Tokumasa; Minato, Takao
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Toppan Printing Co., Ltd., Japan
```

CODEN: JKXXAF

Patent

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| DATE | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. |
|------|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|
| | | | | |
| | JP 2002252086 | A2 | 20020906 | JP 2001-48018 |

2001

0223

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2001-48018

2001

0223

AB The invention refers to a polymer electroluminescent device comprising a transparent or semitransparent anode, a polymeric luminescent layer, and a cathode on a transparent substrate, wherein a light absorbing layer containing a dye is placed

between the luminescent layer and the cathode in order to prevent outside light from reflecting off of the cathode and to produce a high contrast luminescent surface.

17354-14-2, Solvent blue 35 IT

(macromol. electroluminescent element light

absorption layer)

RN 17354-14-2 HCAPLUS

9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-bis(butylamino) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

IC ICM H05B033-22

H05B033-22; H05B033-10; H05B033-14

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related

Properties) IT

Electroluminescent devices

(displays, polymer; macromol. electroluminescent element light absorption layer)

13007-86-8, Aniline black 17354-14-2, Solvent blue 35 IT 138184-36-8, MEH-PPV

> (macromol. electroluminescent element light absorption layer)

L34 ANSWER 8 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:157901 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:201429

TITLE:

Biaxially-oriented polyester film with high

optical contrast and color purity for

adhesive

sheet of display screen

INVENTOR(S):

Oya, Taro; Fukuda, Masayuki; Handa, Makoto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Teijin Limited, Japan

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 80 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

DATE

WO 2002016497 A1 20020228 WO 2001-JP6979

2001

0813

W: KR, US

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU,

MC, NL, PT, SE, TR

JP 2002137290 A2 20020514 JP 2001-54037

2001

0228

JP 2002258760 A2 20020911 JP 2001-54038

2001

0228

EP 1279700 A1 20030129 EP 2001-955699 2001 0813 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI, CY, TR TW 583263 В 20040411 TW 2001-90120421 2001 0820 US 2003008162 **A1** 20030109 US 2002-182204 2002 0726 US 6589649 B2 20030708 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-252174 2000 0823 JP 2001-54038 ·A 2001 0228 WO 2001-JP6979 2001 0813 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:201429 AB Title biaxially-oriented polyester film is dispersed with pigments to have (A) the maximum absorption peak of light from wavelength 540 nm to 630 nm at a wavelength (X) between 560 nm and 610 nm; (B) the half-width half-maximum (HWHM) 80 nm; (C) the transmission ratio between at X and 540 nm (Tx/T540) ≤0.80; and (D) the transmission ratio between at 620 nm (450 nm) and 540 nm (T620(450)/T540) 0.5-1.5. Thus, a PET film containing pigment HS-299 0.05 and porous silica 0.007 wt% was biaxially oriented

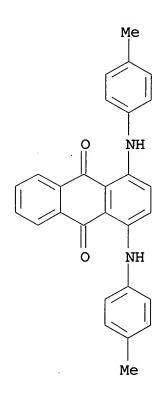
(3.5 + 3.8) to give a stretched film showing X = 594 nm, HWHM = 32 nm, Tx/T540 = 0.27, and T620(450)/T540 = 1.23.

IT 128-80-3, Kayaset Green AB

(as pigment for biaxially-oriented polyester film with high optical contrast and color purity)

RN 128-80-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-bis[(4-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM C08L067-00

ICS C08K005-353; C08J005-18

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
Section cross-reference(s): 42, 73, 74

IT Anthraquinone dyes

Antireflective films

Optical imaging devices

(biaxially-oriented polyester film with high optical contrast and color purity for)

IT 81-48-1, Kayaset Blue A2R 128-80-3, Kayaset Green AB 198-55-0D, Perylene, derivs. 574-93-6D, Phthalocyanine, derivs. 1047-16-1D, Quinacridone, derivs. 54300-60-6D, Pyrromethene, derivs. 71872-86-1, Kayaset Orange AN 96777-98-9, Kayaset Black AN 401585-25-9, HS 299 401585-32-8, HS 307

401585-61-3, HS 296

(as pigment for biaxially-oriented polyester film with high optical contrast and color purity)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE 2

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS

AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L34 ANSWER 9 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:885153 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:7481

TITLE: Electrical and optical properties of

anthraquinone vat and vat-disperse dyes

Ali, N. F.; Hakim, I. K.; Shakra, S. AUTHOR(S):

National Research Centre, Cairo, Egypt CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

Journal of the Textile Association (2001),

62(3), 91-98

CODEN: JTXAA9; ISSN: 0368-4636

PUBLISHER: K. P. Publisher

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The dipole moment for fourteen anthraquinone vat dyes were obtained through their static dielec. consts. and refractive indexes of their dilute solution in either dioxane or benzene or both

at temps. between 20 and 49°C. Also their lightfastness and the maximum absorption spectra $(\lambda \max)$ are recorded. From the results obtained, it was found that the dipole moment (m) is directly proportional to maximum absorption spectra (λ max) and sublimation fastness while it is more or less reversible with the lightfastness.

IT 2987-68-0, 1,4-Dibenzamidoanthraguinone 6370-58-7

6417-48-7 6534-28-7, 1,4-

Diacetamidoanthraquinone 75083-42-0 433282-41-8

(dye; elec. and optical properties of anthraquinone

vat and vat-disperse dyes)

RN 2987-68-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-(9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-1,4-anthracenediyl)bis-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 6370-58-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-(9,10-dihydro-4,8-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-1,5-anthracenediyl)bis-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 6417-48-7 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,5-bis[(9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-2-anthracenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 6534-28-7 HCAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N,N'-(9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-1,4-anthracenediyl)bis-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 75083-42-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[4-[(9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-1-anthracenyl)amino]-9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-1-anthracenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 433282-41-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N,N'-(2,3-dichloro-9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-1,4-anthracenediyl)bis-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- CC 41-4 (Dyes, Organic Pigments, Fluorescent Brighteners, and Photographic Sensitizers)
 Section cross-reference(s): 40
- IT 82-22-4, 1,1'-Dianthraquinonylamine 116-71-2, Violanthrone 128-58-5 128-59-6 2987-68-0, 1,4-Dibenzamidoanthraquinone 3571-23-1, 1-Benzamidoanthraquinone 6370-58-7 6417-48-7 6534-28-7, 1,4-Diacetamidoanthraquinone 28780-09-8 75083-42-0 433282-41-8 433282-42-9 433282-43-0

(dye; elec. and optical properties of anthraquinone vat and vat-disperse dyes)

REFERENCE COUNT:

11

THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS

AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L34 ANSWER 10 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:194550 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:245299

TITLE:

Microcapsules containing liquids separable into plurality of phases, manufacture of the

microcapsules, and display device

using the microcapsules

INVENTOR(S):

Kato, Ikuo; Okada, Takashi; Kondo, Hitoshi

Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

1999

0205

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 30 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

| DATE | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | |
|--------------|--------------------|------|----------|-----------------|-----|
| | | | | | - |
| | JP 2001070783 | A2 | 20010321 | JP 1999-288276 | |
| 1999 | · | | | | |
| 1008 | US 6514328 | В1 | 20030204 | US 2000-497947 | |
| 2000 | | | | | |
| 0204 PRIO | RITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1999-184710 | Α - |
| 1999 | | | | | |
| 0630 | | | | | |
| | | | | JP 1999-29238 | Α |

USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

JP 1999-288276 A

1999

1008

JP 2000-26043 A

2000

0203

AB The microcapsules contain plurality of solvents and/or dispersing mediums separable into ≥2 phases at a temperature in using wherein the amts. of the liqs. are regulated as follows. Difference between the amount of 1 of the liqs. (A) dissolved in another liquid (B) at the temperature in use and the dissolved amount at a

higher temperature is the amount of ${\tt A}$ whose phase is separated from that of ${\tt B}$

at the temperature in use. The display **device** has a means of changing light absorption and/or reflection according to change of

phys. state and/or chemical state of dyes and/or pigments in the microcapsules. The microcapsules, in which liqs. with different properties are separated in ≥ 2 phases at a uniform ratio, provides uniformly displayed images under electrophoresis, etc.

IT 32724-62-2, Macrolex Blue RR

(in microcapsules containing phase-separated liqs. for display device providing image corresponding to light absorption and reflection)

RN 32724-62-2 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-bis[(2,6-diethyl-4-methylphenyl)amino]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM B01J013-14-

ICS B41M005-36; C09B067-08; C09D011-00; G02F001-19

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 45

ST microcapsule phase sepd solvent dispersing medium; display device microcapsule light absorption reflection; dye pigment microcapsule solvent dispersing medium

IT Isoalkanes

(C13-14, Isopar M; microcapsules containing phase-separated ligs. for

display device providing image corresponding to light absorption and reflection)

IT Isoalkanes

(C9-12, Isopar H; microcapsules containing phase-separated ligs. for

display device providing image corresponding to light absorption and reflection)

IT Polysiloxanes, uses

(SH200 5CS; microcapsules containing phase-separated liqs. for display

device providing image corresponding to light
absorption and reflection)

IT Coupling agents

(fluorine-containing silane, for modification of pigment; in microcapsules containing phase-separated liqs. for display device providing image corresponding to light absorption and reflection)

IT Emulsification

(for preparation of microcapsules containing phase-separated ligs. for

display device providing image corresponding to light absorption and reflection)

IT Dyes

Pigments, nonbiological

(in microcapsules containing phase-separated liqs. for display device providing image corresponding to light absorption and reflection)

IT Fluoropolymers, uses

(in microcapsules containing phase-separated liqs. for display device providing image corresponding to light absorption and reflection)

IT Disperse systems

Microcapsules

Optical imaging devices

Solvents

(microcapsules containing phase-separated liqs. for display device providing image corresponding to light absorption and reflection)

IT Electrophoresis

(microcapsules containing phase-separated liqs. for display
device providing image corresponding to light
absorption and reflection using)

IT 16627-68-2

(T 5216; microcapsules containing phase-separated liqs. for display

device providing image corresponding to light absorption and reflection)

IT 9002-84-0, Teflon 7A-J 13463-67-7, Titania, uses
32724-62-2, Macrolex Blue RR

(in microcapsules containing phase-separated liqs. for display device providing image corresponding to light absorption and reflection)

IT 108-95-2, Phenol, uses 112-80-1, Oleic acid, uses 335-36-4, Fluorinert FC 75 540-84-1, 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane 1077-16-3, Hexylbenzene 1330-78-5, Tricresyl phosphate 7732-18-5, Water, uses 51142-49-5, Fluorinert FC 40 163702-05-4, HFE 7200 316806-89-0, Fluorinert FC 3283

(microcapsules containing phase-separated liqs. for display device providing image corresponding to light

absorption and reflection)

```
ANSWER 11 OF 39
L34
                     HCAPLUS
                              COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2000:911547 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        134:78730
TITLE:
                        Optical filter
INVENTOR(S):
                        Ikuhara, Isao; Yamada, Tsukasa; Ando, Takumi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                        PCT Int. Appl., 47 pp.
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
                        1
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND DATE
                                    APPLICATION NO.
      DATE
                               .
                              . ----
     WO 2000079316
                       A1
                               20001228 WO 2000-JP3909
2000
0615
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH,
        W:
            CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE.
            GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,
            LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,
            MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,
            TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ,
            BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE,
            CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
            PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE,
            SN, TD, TG
    EP 1189078
                        A1
                               20020320 EP 2000-937251
2000
0615
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE,
            MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
    US 6849327
                         B1
                               20050201 US 2001-979027
2001
1115
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1999-171323 1999 0617 JP 1999-175582 Α 1999 0622 JP 1999-184003 Α 1999 0629 WO 2000-JP3909 W 2000 0615

AB An optical filter having a filter layer absorbing a visible light, a transparent supporter, in particular a transparent supporter comprising a biaxially stretched film, and antireflection layer, characterized in that it has at least one filter layer containing a coloring matter and a polymer binder on at

least one side of the transparent support and has an antireflection layer having the antireflection ability for a visible light on the side of the supporter opposite to the filter layer when it has a filter layer only on one side of the supporter, or on either side of the supporter when it has filter layers on both sides, wherein the transparent supporter is a biaxially stretched film having a thickness of 10 to 500 μm . The optical filter is attached to an image display device such as a plasma display for the purpose of the prevention of reflection and the correction of color reproduction

IT 315193-01-2

(dye in **optical** filter for **optical** image display **device**)

RN 315193-01-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3-Benzenedisulfonic acid, 4(or 5)-[(2,7-dihydro-3-methyl-2,7-dioxo-3H-naphtho[1,2,3-de]quinolin-6-yl)amino]-, disodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

2 Na

IC ICM G02B005-22 ICS C09D005-00; C09D133-06; C09D125-10

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 73

ST optical filter plasma display image display device

IT Cathode ray tubes

(faceplates; optical filter for optical image display device especially for)

IT Gelatins, uses

Polycarbonates, uses

Polyesters, uses

(in optical filter for optical image display device)

IT Optical filters

(optical filter for optical image display device)

IT Plasma display panels

(optical filter for optical image display **device** especially for)

IT 63870-34-8 65132-20-9 116880-69-4 128763-07-5 264602-35-9 315193-01-2

(dye in optical filter for optical image display device)

IT 9003-55-8, LX 407C5 9012-09-3, Triacetylcellulose 9081-54-3, Rhoplex HA 16 25038-59-9, Poly(ethylene terephthalate), uses 26124-53-8, Acrylic acid-methyl acrylate-vinylidene chloride copolymer

(in optical filter for optical image display device)

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS

AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L34 ANSWER 12 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:779578 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

130:58878

TITLE:

Optical sheet used for front panel of optical

imaging device

INVENTOR(S):

Ogawa, Tokuji; Obori, Kunihiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

DATE

----JP 10319231 A2 19981204 JP 1997-128139

1997

0519

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1997-128139

1997

0519

AB An optical sheet used for a front panel of an optical imaging device to improve color resolns., is made of a resin composition composed of a transparent resin and light absorbing compds., wherein the transmittance of the optical sheet is 70-85%, 60-80%, and 50-75% for 430-480 nm, 530-570 nm, and 600-630 nm, resp., and the transmittances at 450 nm, 545 nm, and 610 nm, decrease in that order.

IT 81-39-0, Macrolex red 5B 128-80-3, Diaresin

green C 99258-95-4, Macrolex green G
 (light absorbing compound used in
 optical sheet used for front panel of optical
 imaging device)

RN 81-39-0 HCAPLUS

CN 3H-Naphtho[1,2,3-de]quinoline-2,7-dione, 3-methyl-6-[(4-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 128-80-3 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-bis[(4-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 99258-95-4 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-dihydroxy-5,8-bis[(3-methylphenyl)amino]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G02B005-22

ICS G02B001-11; G09F009-00

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 74

ST optical sheet front panel display device

IT Optical imaging devices

Optical instruments

(optical sheet used for front panel of optical imaging device)

IT Acrylic polymers, uses

(optical sheet used for front panel of optical imaging device)

IT 81-39-0, Macrolex red 5B 128-80-3, Diaresin

green C 4702-90-3, Macrolex yellow 3G 61951-89-1, C.I.

Solvent

Violet 36 99258-95-4, Macrolex green G
(light absorbing compound used in
optical sheet used for front panel of optical
imaging device)

L34 ANSWER 13 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:685134 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

129:308548

TITLE:

Optical recording medium

INVENTOR(S):

Tamura, Shinichiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corporation, Japan PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE WO 9845838 A1 19981015 WO 1998-JP1627 1998 0408 W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG В. 20011211 TW 1998-87105096 TW 468180 1998 0403 CA 2285558 AA19981015 CA 1998-2285558 1998 0408 AU 9867473 A1 19981030 AU 1998-67473 1998 0408 AU 744048 B2 20020214 BR 9808492 Α 20000523 BR 1998-8492 1998

0408

EP 1017045 A1 20000705 EP 1998-912730

1998

0408

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE, PT,

FI

MX 9909112 A 20000228 MX 1999-9112

1999

1005

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1997-89761 A

1997

0408

WO 1998-JP1627 W

1998

0408

AB An optical recording medium comprises a recording layer containing an organic pigment and a reflective layer successively formed on a light transmitting substrate and effecting, when a laser beam is incident from the light transmitting substrate side to record and reproduce information signals, wherein a light absorbing layer which transmits the laser beam but absorbs a light whose wavelength is within the wavelength region of the light absorbed by the recording layer is provided on the laser beam application side rather than the reflective layer. The light deterioration of the recording layer containing the organic pigment is caused by a natural light whose wavelength exists in the wavelength region of the light absorbed by the organic pigment. In an optical recording medium having the light absorbing layer, a natural light incident from the reflective layer side is intercepted by the reflective layer and so does not impinge on the recording layer. other hand, a natural light whose wavelength is within the wavelength region of the light absorbed by the organic pigment among natural lights incident from the substrate side

is absorbed by the light absorbing

layer and attenuated, and so the dose of light impinging on the recording layer can be suppressed.

14233-37-5, Sumiplast Blue OA IT

(optical recording medium having light-absorbing layer on substrate)

14233-37-5 HCAPLUS RN

9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-bis[(1-methylethyl)amino]- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G11B007-24

ICS B41M005-26

74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and CC Other Reprographic Processes)

optical recording laser beam absorber pigment ST

Optical recording materials IT

(optical recording medium having light-

absorbing layer on substrate)

IT Polycarbonates, uses

(optical recording medium having light-

absorbing layer on substrate)

14233-37-5, Sumiplast Blue OA 214405-29-5, LQC 4314 RED IT

(optical recording medium having

light-absorbing layer on substrate) 6

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS

AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L34 ANSWER 14 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1996:548345 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

125:181323

TITLE:

Alignment mark for resist pattern formation

and manufacture of semiconductor

device using same

INVENTOR(S):

Nomura, Hiroshi; Tokawa, Iwao; Kumagai,

Akitoshi

A1

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Tokyo Shibaura Electric Co, Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 24 pp.

JP 1994-238032

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

1

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| DATE | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | |
|--------------|----------------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|--------------|
| | | | | _ | |
| | JP 08153676 | A2 | 19960611 | JP 1995-82090 | |
| 1995 | | | | | |
| 0315 PRIO | JP 3239976 RITY APPLN. INFO.: | B2 | 20011217 | JP 1994-236255 | A 1 - |
| 1994 | | | | | |
| 0930 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

1994

0930

AB The title mark comprises a substrate bearing gradation-having alignment mark regions, a metal layer-containing laminating film, and

a light absorbing layer on the concave regions for absorbing partial alignment light with certain wavelength. Manufacture of the

alignment mark and manufacture of semiconductor devices using the alignment mark for exposure are also claimed. The light absorbing layer may be made of a resist containing a dye for assuring

the accurate alignment.

6994-46-3 IT

> (incorporated in photoresist to form light absorbing layer for alignment mark)

RN 6994-46-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-bis(ethylamino) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM H01L021-027

ICS G03F009-00

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 76

STalignment mark light absorbing layer resist; semiconductor device manuf alignment mark

Semiconductor devices ··IT

(manufacture using alignment mark for exposure)

ITResists

(photo-, alignment mark for resist pattern formation and manufacture

of semiconductor **device**)

85-83-6 6994-46-3 IT

> (incorporated in photoresist to form light absorbing layer for alignment mark)

L34 ANSWER 15 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1996:128381 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

124:319070

TITLE:

Alicyclic epoxy resin compositions for

photomoldings and cured products thereof INVENTOR(S): Isobe, Koji; Sasahara, Kazunori; Hinokuchi,

Kazuhiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Nippon Kayaku Kk, Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

DATE

JP 07316262

A2 19951205

JP 1994-137885

1994

0530

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1994-137885

1994

0530

The compns. contain alicyclic epoxy compds., metallocene compds., and peroxides and/or curing accelerators and optionally contain leveling agents and/or light-absorbing agents and are cured by exposing the compns. to light (e.g., laser beam) with wave length 400-1500 nm. Celloxide 4000 (limonene mono or diepoxide) 15, 3,4-epoxycyclohexylmethyl(3,4-epoxy)cyclohexane carboxylate homopolymer (Celloxide 2021) 85, Irgacure 261 4, and Kayacumene H 2 parts were mixed and cured with laser beam (680 nm) using a photomolding device to give a cured molding with precision 3.0%.

RN 128-80-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-bis[(4-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08G059-18

ICS B29C035-08; B29C067-00; C08G059-68; C08L063-00; G03F007-029; G03F007-038

ICI B29K105-24

CC 38-2 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 37

IT 128-80-3, Kayaset Green A-B 94765-77-2, Kayaset Black KR (light absorber; alicyclic epoxy resin compns. for photomoldings containing)

L34 ANSWER 16 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:563504 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:326042

TITLE: Antireflection films

INVENTOR(S): Takamiya, Naoki; Nakao, Makoto; Yazawa,

Akira;

Wakabayashi, Atumi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Cement Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 14 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| DATE | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. |
|------|--------------------------|----------|----------------------|------------------|
| | | | | |
| | DE 4430859 | A1 | 19950323 | DE 1994-4430859 |
| 1994 | | | | |
| 0831 | | | | |
| | DE 4430859 JP 3262248 | C2 B2 | 20020516 20020304 | JP 1994-226100 |
| 1994 | | | | 01 220100 |
| | | | | |
| 0829 | CN 1102885 | Α | 19950524 | CN 1994-115611 |
| 1994 | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 0830 | CN 1057611 | В | 20001018 | |
| | NL 9401408 | A | 19950316 | NL 1994-1408 |
| 1994 | | | | |
| 0831 | | | | |
| | NL 194687 NL 194687 | B C | 20020701 20021104 | |
| PRIO | RITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1993-240473 A |

1993

0831

AB Multilayered antireflection films, especially films for use with displays, comprise at least first and second transparent layers formed on a base material in which the first layer has a refractive index in the range 1.45-2.10 while the second has a refractive index ≥0.1 less than that of the first and in which at least the first layer incorporates a light absorbing material. Use on display devices iss indicated.

IT 14295-43-3, Thioindigo Bordeaux

(multilayered antireflection films incorporating light absorbing materials)

RN 14295-43-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzo[b]thiophen-3(2H)-one, 4,7-dichloro-2-(4,7-dichloro-3-oxobenzo[b]thien-2(3H)-ylidene)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G02B001-11

ICS B60K037-04

ICA H01J029-10; G09F009-35

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 74

IT 81-77-6, Indanthrone blue 147-14-8, Phthalocyanine blue 471-34-1, Calcium carbonate, uses 475-71-8 523-42-2, Cyanine 1306-23-6, Cadmium yellow, uses 1309-37-1, Red oxide, 1328-53-6, Phthalocyanine green uses 1344-28-1, Aluminum oxide, uses 1344-37-2, Chromium yellow 1344-48-5, Mercury sulfide 1345-05-7, Lithopone 1345-16-0, Cobalt blue 3049-71-6 4051-63-2 4424-06-0, Perinone orange 5045-40-9, Isoindolinone yellow 5521-31-3, Perylene maroon 6424-77-7, Perylene scarlet 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 7778-18-9, Calcium sulfate 8011-87-8, Cobalt green 10101-66-3, Manganese violet 11118-57-3, Chromium oxide 12240-15-2, Prussian blue 12656-85-8, Molybdate orange 13007-86-8, Aniline black 13530-65-9, Zinc chromate 14295-43-3, Thioindigo Bordeaux 15680-42-9, Copper azomethine yellow 30125-47-4, Quinophthalone yellow 36888-99-0, Isoindoline yellow 51274-00-1, Iron oxide yellow 57455-37-5, Ultramarine blue 58339-34-7, Cadmium red 60650-95-5, Titanium yellow 65666-57-1, Astrazon yellow 67800-72-0, Chrome green 68993-80-6, Alkali blue 71538-26-6, Madder lake 82196-89-2, Cobalt violet 83712-59-8, Cerulean 95145-37-2, Iron black 158707-32-5, Cyanine blue BNRS 163662-62-2, Basic red carbonate 163663-12-5, Nickel nitroso 163663-24-9, Smaragdite green 215247-95-3, Dioxazine yellow violet

(multilayered antireflection films incorporating light absorbing materials)

L34 ANSWER 17 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993:659661 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

119:259661

TITLE:

Optical **recording** media containing 1-aminoanthraquinones with laser beam

sensitivity

CODEN: JKXXAF

INVENTOR (S):

Nakamura, Yoshinori; Eguchi, Hiroshi Dai Nippon Printing Co., Ltd., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

LANGUAGE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| DATE | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. |
|------|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|
| | | | | |
| | JP 05193264 | A2 | 19930803 | JP 1992-27509 |

1992

0120

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1992-27509

1992

0120

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 119:259661

GI

Ι

AB Optical recording media comprising a substrate and a recording layer containing the title compds. I [X = NH2, OH; Y, Z = H, NHR, SR, OR, OSO2R, cyano, halo; R = (un)substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, allyl, aryl, vinyl, aralkyl, heterocyclyl, alkoxyalkyl, aralkylaloxyalkyl, oxycarbonylalkyl, carboxyalkyl]

light-absorbing substances are claimed. Optical
recording media have sensitivity to laser beam of approx.
520 nm and are excellent in storage stability.

IT 3226-09-3 3485-93-6 62956-44-9 (optical recording media containing, with laser

beam sensitivity)

RN 3226-09-3 HCAPLUS

as

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-amino-4-(cyclohexylamino)-2,3-dimethyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 3485-93-6 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-amino-4-[(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]-2,3-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 62956-44-9 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-amino-4-[(3-hydroxypropyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM B41M005-26

CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST optical recording medium aminoanthraquinone dye; anthraquinone amino optical recording medium

IT Dyes, anthraquinone

(aminoanthraquinones, laser beam-sensitive optical recording media containing)

IT Recording materials

(optical, aminoanthraquinone dyes for, laser beam-sensitive)

IT 81-62-9 3226-09-3 3226-13-9 3485-93-6

5355-87-3, 1-Amino-2,3,4-trichloroanthraquinone 6375-37-7,

1-Amino-3-bromoanthraquinone 15102-96-2 62956-44-9 (optical recording media containing, with laser beam sensitivity)

L34 ANSWER 18 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:92011 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:92011

TITLE: Erasable optical recording medium

INVENTOR(S): Kanno, Toshiyuki; Ueno, Naoyuki; Kondo,

Seiji;

Osada, Taiji; Uematsu, Yoshiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Olympus Optical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

| | JP 02175288 | A2 | 19900706 | JP 1988-333500 | | |
|---|--|----|----------|------------------|--|--|
| 1988 | | | | | | |
| 1228 | US 5019476 | A | 19910528 | US 1989-435946 | | |
| 1989 | | | | | | |
| 1113 PRIO | RITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1988-289733 A | | |
| 1988 | | | | | | |
| 1116 | | | | | | |
| | | | | JP 1988-292461 A | | |
| 1988 | | ٠. | | | | |
| 1121 | | | | | | |
| | • • • | | · | JP 1988-333500 A | | |
| 1988 | | | • | | | |
| 1228 | | | | | | |
| AB The recording layer of the title medium contains a polypeptide liquid crystal with a liquid crystal functional | | | | | | |
| group on | | | | | | |
| IT | | | | | | |
| (erasable optical recording material containing) | | | | | | |
| RN | 90155-59-2 HCAPLUS | | | | | |
| CN | 1H-Naphth[2,3-f]isoindole-1,5,10-trione, 4,11-diamino-2-[2-(hexyloxy)ethyl]-2,3-dihydro-3-thioxo-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) | | | | | |

IC ICM B41M005-26

ICS G02F001-137; G11B007-24

CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST erasable optical recording medium; polypeptide liq crystal

IT Recording materials

> (optical, erasable, containing polypeptide and lightabsorbing compds.)

TT 87314-12-3 **90155-59-2** 95736-65-5 131838-10-3 131838-14-7 131899-99-5 132014-57-4 132036-03-4 (erasable optical recording material containing)

ANSWER 19 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L34

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1991:92007 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

114:92007

TITLE:

Erasable optical recording medium

INVENTOR(S):

Kanno, Toshuki; Ueno, Naoyuki; Kondo, Seiji;

Osada, Taiji; Kanehira, Atsushi; Takahashi,

Hideji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Olympus Optical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| DATE | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. |
|------|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|
| | | | | |
| | JP 02136289 | A2 | 19900524 | JP 1988-289733 |
| | UF UZ13UZ03 | A4 | エククししコムセ | UF 1300-203/33 |

1988

1116 US 1989-435946 US 5019476 Α 19910528 1989 1113 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1988-289733 Α 1988 1116 JP 1988-292461 Α 1988 1121 JP 1988-333500 Α 1988 1228 AB A recording layer on a transparent substrate contains a polymer compound capable of undergoing changes in the phys. property (mol. rotation, orientation etc.) of its side chain(s) and a dye absorbing a recording light, which induces interaction between the side chain of the polymer and the dye to effect changes in chemical and phys. properties (glass transition temperature, m.p., etc.) in the recording layer by which writing and erasing of information is possible. 90155-59-2 IT(erasable optical recording material containing) 90155-59-2 HCAPLUS RN

1H-Naphth[2,3-f]isoindole-1,5,10-trione, 4,11-diamino-2-[2-(hexyloxy)ethyl]-2,3-dihydro-3-thioxo-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN

IC ICM B41M005-26

ICS G11B007-24

74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and CC Other Reprographic Processes)

erasable optical recording medium ST

Recording materials IT

(optical, erasable, interaction of polymer side chain with dye

IT 88417-76-9 **90155-59-2** 111291-00-0 132011-02-0

132244-48-5 132244-49-6 132244-50-9 132244-51-0

132244-52-1 132244-54-3 132244-56-5

(erasable optical recording material

containing)

9011-14-7, PMMA IT

> (styrene-modified, erasable optical recording material containing)

L34 ANSWER 20 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:14321 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:14321

Erasable optical recording medium TITLE:

containing photochronic materials

Sato, Yoshikazu; Kuroda, Masami; Kosho, INVENTOR(S):

Noboru

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Electric Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

Patent

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

DATE

JP 01028631

A2 19890131

JP 1987-184759

1987

0724

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1987-184759

1987

0724

GI

AB The title optical recording medium contains photochromic derivs. wherein one light-absorbing region of a photochromic derivative and one light-absorbing region of the other photochromic derivative are overlapped each other,

and other light-absorbing regions are not overlapped. A recording medium containing I [λ (discoloration) = 365 nm; λ (coloration) = 550 nm] and II [λ (discoloration) = 490; λ (coloration) = 550] showed \approx (00), (11), (01) or (10) type bit signal.

IT 124170-20-3

(optical recording medium containing spiropyran and, as photochromic substances)

RN 124170-20-3 HCAPLUS

CN Naphtho[2,1-b]thiophen-1(2H)-one, 2-(1-oxonaphtho[2,1-b]thien-2(1H)-ylidene)-, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

IC ICM G03C001-733

ICS B41M005-26; C09K009-00; G11B007-24

CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST photochromic substances optical recording medium

IT Photochromic substances

(optical recording medium containing)

IT Recording materials

(optical, containing multiple photochromic substances)

IT 124170-20-3

(optical recording medium containing spiropyran and, as photochromic substances)

IT 1498-88-0

(optical recording medium containing thioindigo and, as photochromic substances)

L34 ANSWER 21 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:634331 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:234331

TITLE: Polyurethane compositions containing

near-infrared absorbers

INVENTOR(S):
Ito, Naoto; Nishizawa, Isao; Sasagawa,

Katsuyoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Inc., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| DATE | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. |
|------|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | JP 01011153 | A2 | 19890113 | JP 1987-165208 |

1987

0703

JP 2590109 B2 19970312

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1987-165208

1987

0703

MARPAT 111:234331 OTHER SOURCE(S):

Title compns., useful in energy exchange devices, laser-based recording devices, electronic apparatus control systems, etc., are prepared by mixing compds. containing ≥2 isocyanate groups with compds. containing ≥2 SH and/or OH groups and near-IR absorbers (e.g., naphthalocyanines, phthalocyanines, or anthraquinones). Pentaerythritol tetrakis (3-mercaptopropionate) 122, m-xylylene diisocyanate 94, a naphthalocyanine derivative (containing 4 pentyl and 1 phenyltin group) 2,

and dibutyltin dilaurate 0.1 part were mixed, added to a mold, heated from 45° to 100° during 13 h, and cooled to give a light yellow lens which absorbed light of wavelength 700-850 nm and had good weather resistance.

IT 109144-53-8

> (near-IR absorbers, polyurethanes containing, for optical shielding devices)

109144-53-8 HCAPLUS RN

CN 2,3-Anthracenedicarbonitrile,

1,4-bis(butylamino)-9,10-dihydro-5,8-

dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08L075-04

> C08G018-08; C08K005-08; C08K005-34 ICS

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 74

IT Urethane polymers, uses and miscellaneous (moldings, containing near-IR absorbers, for shielding devices)

Optical filters IT

> (polyurethanes containing near-IR absorbers as, for shielding devices)

IT 112453-89-1 121912-96-7 121912-97-8

(moldings, containing near-IR absorbers, for shielding

devices)

IT 109144-53-8 121912-98-9 122018-77-3 122918-94-9

124011-35-4

(near-IR absorbers, polyurethanes containing, for optical shielding devices)

L34 ANSWER 22 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1989:66959 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

110:66959

TITLE:

Phthaloyenephthalimide lightabsorbing material in optical recording material with high sensitivity and storage stability

INVENTOR(S):

Maeda, Shuichi; Kurose, Yutaka; Ozawa, Tetsuo

Mitsubishi Chemical Industries Co., Ltd.,

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

DATE

JP 62152785

A2 19870707

JP 1985-292582

1985

1227

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1985-292582

1985

1227

GI

AB The title material comprises a recording layer containing a substrate and a 3,4-phthaloylnaphthalimide-type light-absorbing substance. The material shows high sensitivity to laser beam irradiation and good preservation stability.

Thus, I

obtained from acenaphthene and 3,6-dichlorophthalic anhydride was heated at 150-200°, 2 + 10-5 torr and vacuum evaporated onto a PMMA plate to form a 1900-Å film, which was irradiated with a semiconductor laser beam showing high sensitivity and preservation stability.

Ι

IT 22245-77-8 22245-78-9 22245-80-3 22246-28-2 22246-29-3 22246-30-6

22246-31-7 22246-32-8 22246-33-9

115895-68-6 115895-69-7 115895-70-0

115895-71-1 115895-72-2 115895-73-3

115895-74-4 115919-66-9

(optical recording materials containing, for

laser beam irradiation, with high sensitivity and storage

stability)

RN 22245-77-8 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-Anthra[3,2,1-de]isoquinoline-4,6,8,13(5H)-tetrone,

5-methyl-9,12-bis(phenylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 22245-78-9 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-Anthra[3,2,1-de]isoquinoline-4,6,8,13(5H)-tetrone,

9,12-bis[(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]-5-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 22245-80-3 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-Anthra[3,2,1-de]isoquinoline-4,6,8,13(5H)-tetrone, 5-ethyl-9,12-bis(phenylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 22246-28-2 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-Anthra[3,2,1-de]isoquinoline-4,6,8,13(5H)-tetrone, 5-ethyl-9,12-bis[(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 22246-29-3 HCAPLUS CN 4H-Anthra[3,2,1-de]isoquinoline-4,6,8,13(5H)-tetrone, 5-ethyl-9,12-bis[(4-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 22246-30-6 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-Anthra[3,2,1-de]isoquinoline-4,6,8,13(5H)-tetrone, 9,12-bis(phenylamino)-5-propyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 22246-31-7 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-Anthra[3,2,1-de]isoquinoline-4,6,8,13(5H)-tetrone, 9,12-bis[(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]-5-propyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 22246-32-8 HCAPLUS
CN 4H-Anthra[3,2,1-de]isoquinoline-4,6,8,13(5H)-tetrone,
9,12-bis[(4-methylphenyl)amino]-5-propyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 22246-33-9 HCAPLUS
CN 4H-Anthra[3,2,1-de]isoquinoline-4,6,8,13(5H)-tetrone,
5-(4-methylphenyl)-9,12-bis[(4-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

RN 115895-68-6 HCAPLUS CN 4H-Anthra[3,2,1-de]isoquinoline-4,6,8,13(5H)-tetrone, 9,12-bis(phenylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115895-69-7 HCAPLUS CN 4H-Anthra[3,2,1-de]isoquinoline-4,6,8,13(5H)-tetrone, 5-(3-methoxypropyl)-9,12-bis(phenylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115895-70-0 HCAPLUS
CN 4H-Anthra[3,2,1-de]isoquinoline-4,6,8,13(5H)-tetrone,
5-(2-ethoxyethyl)-9,12-bis[(4-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

RN 115895-71-1 HCAPLUS CN 4H-Anthra[3,2,1-de]isoquinoline-4,6,8,13(5H)-tetrone, 5-phenyl-9,12-bis(phenylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115895-72-2 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-Anthra[3,2,1-de]isoquinoline-4,6,8,13(5H)-tetrone, 5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-9,12-bis(phenylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115895-73-3 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-Anthra[3,2,1-de]isoquinoline-4,6,8,13(5H)-tetrone, 5-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-9,12-bis(phenylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115895-74-4 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-Anthra[3,2,1-de]isoquinoline-4,6,8,13(5H)-tetrone, 9,12-bis[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]amino]-5-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115919-66-9 HCAPLUS CN 4H-Anthra[3,2,1-de]isoquinoline-4,6,8,13(5H)-tetrone, 9,12-bis[(4-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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IC
     ICM B41M005-26
         G03C001-72; G11B007-24
     74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
CC
     Other Reprographic Processes)
     optical recording material sensitivity stability;
ST
     phthaloylnaphthalimide laser beam recording material
IT
     Recording materials
        (optical, containing phthaloylnaphthalimide compds., for
improved
        sensitivity to laser beams and storage stability)
IT
     22245-77-8 22245-78-9 22245-80-3
     22246-28-2 22246-29-3 22246-30-6
     22246-31-7 22246-32-8 22246-33-9
     115895-68-6 115895-69-7 115895-70-0
     115895-71-1 115895-72-2 115895-73-3
     115895-74-4 115919-66-9
        (optical recording materials containing, for
        laser beam irradiation, with high sensitivity and storage
        stability)
IT
     22245-72-3P 22245-74-5P
                                 115895-75-5P
                                                115895-76-6P
        (preparation and reaction of, phthaloylnaphthylimide compound
for
       optical recording materials from)
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IT 83-32-9 106-49-0, reactions 4466-59-5, 3,6-Dichlorophthalic anhydride

(reaction of, phthaloylnaphthylimide compound for optical recording materials from)

L34 ANSWER 23 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1988:580512 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

109:180512

TITLE:

Optical card containing chalcogen glass and

dye layers

INVENTOR(S):

Nakatsui, Hisashi Canon K. K., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| DATE | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. |
|------|--------------|--------------|----------|-----------------|
| | | - | | |
| | JP 63074137. | A2 | 19880404 | JP 1986-218155 |

1986

0918

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1986-218155

1986

0918

AB An optical card for recording and retrieving information by laser beams is claimed wherein the card comprises a substrate layer, a dye layer as the light-dispersing/absorbing layer, a chalcogen glass layer as the light-reflecting layer, and a diffusive metal layer adjacent to the glass layer. A color-coded optical card having an improved readout efficiency was obtained.

IT 82-33-7

(optical card containing, as lightabsorbing layer)

RN 82-33-7 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-diamino-5-nitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G11B007-24

ICS B41M005-26; B42D015-02; G06K019-00

CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT Recording materials

(optical, laser card, chalcogen and dye layers for)

IT 7440-38-2, Arsenic, uses and miscellaneous 7440-56-4, Germanium.

uses and miscellaneous 7704-34-9, Sulfur, uses and miscellaneous

7782-49-2, Seleniùm, uses and miscellaneous 13494-80-9,

Tellurium, uses and miscellaneous

(chalcogenide glass containing, optical recording material from)

IT **82-33-7** 147-14-8 989-38-8 2465-27-2 (optical card containing, as light-absorbing layer)

L34 ANSWER 24 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1988:580511 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

109:180511

TITLE:

Optical cord containing chalcogen glass and

dye layers

INVENTOR(S):

Nakatsui, Hisashi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Canon K. K., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

. 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

JP 63074136

A2 · 19880404

JP 1986-218154

1986

0918

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1986-218154

1986

0918

AB An optical card for writing and reading information by laser beams

is claimed wherein the card comprises a substrate layer, a chalcogen glass layer as the light-reflecting layer, and a dye layer as the **light**-dispersing/absorbing layer.

A color-coded optical card having an improved readout efficiency was obtained.

IT 82-33-7

(optical card containing, as lightabsorbing layer)

RN 82-33-7 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-diamino-5-nitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G11B007-24

ICS B41M005-26; B42D015-02; G06K019-00

CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT Recording materials

(optical, laser card, chalcogen and dye layers for)

IT 7440-38-2, Arsenic, uses and miscellaneous 7440-56-4, Germanium.

uses and miscellaneous 7704-34-9, Sulfur, uses and miscellaneous

7782-49-2, Selenium, uses and miscellaneous 13494-80-9, Tellurium, uses and miscellaneous

(chalcogenide glasses containing, optical recording material from)

IT **82-33-7** 147-14-8 989-38-8 2465-27-2 (optical card containing, as lightabsorbing layer)

L34 ANSWER 25 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1988:446325 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

109:46325

TITLE:

Optical recording material containing anthraquinone dye

INVENTOR(S):

Schwander, Hansrudolf

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.

SOURCE:

Ger. Offen., 9 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| DATE | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | |
|--------------|--------------------|--------------|----------|-----------------|---|
| | | | | | - |
| | DE 3724819 | A1 | 19880211 | DE 1987-3724819 | |
| 1987 | | | | | |
| 0727 | CH 670723 | A | 19890630 | CH 1986-3065 | |
| 1986 | | | | | |
| 0730 | FR 2602366 | A1 | 19880205 | FR 1987-10695 | |
| 1987 | | | | | |
| 0728 | JP 63037993 | A 2 | 19880218 | JP 1987-189040 | |
| 1987 | | | | | |
| 0730 PRIO | RITY APPLN. INFO.: | CH 1986-3065 | A | | |

1986

0730

GI

AB Optical recording materials are described which consist of a support, a light-absorbing layer containing an anthraquinone dye of the formula I (R1 = (un)substituted alkyl;

R2 = (un) substituted aryl; X1,X2 = H or halogen), and an optical light-reflecting layer. The materials are writable and readable with a He-Ne laser. Thus, a round glass wafer coated with an Al layer was coated with a mixture containing cellulose nitrate,

II, and

cyclohexanone, dried, exposed to a He-Ne laser to give pits, and the **recorded** information then read with a He-Ne laser to give signals with a high signal-to-noise ratio.

IT 10572-60-8 13731-65-2 18039-05-9 29205-95-6 53524-16-6 77946-99-7 77947-00-3 103328-43-4 107882-59-7 115218-63-8 115218-64-9 115333-04-5 115333-05-6 115333-06-7 115333-07-8 115333-08-9 115333-09-0 115333-10-3 115333-11-4 115333-12-5 115333-13-6 115333-14-7 115333-15-8 115333-16-9 115333-17-0 115333-18-1 115333-19-2
115333-20-5 115333-21-6
(optical recording materials containing)
RN 10572-60-8 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-4-[(4-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 13731-65-2 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-4-[[4-(4-methylphenoxy)phenyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 18039-05-9 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-(cyclohexylamino)-4-[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 29205-95-6 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-[(4-methylphenyl)amino]-4-[(3,3,5-trimethylcyclohexyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 53524-16-6 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-(cyclohexylamino)-4-[(2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 77946-99-7 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-(cyclohexylamino)-4-[(4-ethoxyphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 77947-00-3 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-(cyclohexylamino)-4-[(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 103328-43-4 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-(cyclohexylamino)-4-[[4-(4-methylphenoxy)phenyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

RN 107882-59-7 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-(cyclohexylamino)-4-[(4-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115218-63-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[[[[4-(cyclohexylamino)-9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-1-anthracenyl]amino]dimethylphenyl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{Ph- C- NH- CH}_2\text{-- D1} \end{array}$$

RN 115218-64-9 HCAPLUS
CN Benzamide,
N-[[[[9,10-dihydro-4-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-9,10-dioxo1-anthracenyl]amino]dimethylphenyl]methyl]-2-oxo- (9CI) (CA
INDEX
NAME)

RN 115333-04-5 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-(cyclohexylamino)-4-[(4-phenoxyphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

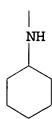
RN 115333-05-6 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-(cyclohexylamino)-4-[[4-(phenylthio)phenyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115333-06-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzamide, N-[2-[4-[4-[4-(cyclohexylamino)-9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-1-anthracenyl]amino]phenoxy]phenyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A



RN 115333-07-8 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-(cyclohexylamino)-4-[(2,5-dimethylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115333-08-9 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-[[4-(4-methylphenoxy)phenyl]amino]-4-[(3,3,5-trimethylcyclohexyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

RN 115333-09-0 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-[(4-phenoxyphenyl)amino]-4-[(3,3,5-trimethylcyclohexyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115333-10-3 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]-4-[(3,3,5-trimethylcyclohexyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115333-11-4 HCAPLUS CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 6,7-dichloro-1-(cyclohexylamino)-4-(phenylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115333-12-5 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]-4-[(1-methylethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115333-13-6 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-[(4-ethoxyphenyl)amino]-4-[(1-methylethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115333-14-7 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-[(2,4-dimethylphenyl)amino]-4-[(1-methylethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115333-15-8 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-4-[(4-phenoxyphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115333-16-9 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-4-[[4-(phenylthio)phenyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115333-17-0 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-[(2,5-dimethylphenyl)amino]-4-[(1-methylethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115333-18-1 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-[(2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)amino]-4-[(1-methylethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115333-19-2 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-[(1-ethylpropyl)amino]-4-[(4-phenoxyphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115333-20-5 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-[(1,3-dimethylbutyl)amino]-4-[(4-phenoxyphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 115333-21-6 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-[(3-methoxypropyl)amino]-4-[(4-phenoxyphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G11B007-24

ICA C09B001-26; C09B067-44; C09B067-46

CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 41

ST aminoanthraquinone deriv dye optical recording

IT Dyes, anthraquinone

```
(optical recording materials containing)
IT
    Recording materials
        (optical, diaminoanthraquinone derivative dyes for)
IT
    10572-60-8 13731-65-2 18039-05-9
    29205-95-6 53524-16-6 77946-99-7
    77947-00-3 103328-43-4 107882-59-7
    115218-63-8 115218-64-9 115333-04-5
    115333-05-6 115333-06-7 115333-07-8
    115333-08-9 115333-09-0 115333-10-3
    115333-11-4 115333-12-5 115333-13-6
    115333-14-7 115333-15-8 115333-16-9
    115333-17-0 115333-18-1 115333-19-2
    115333-20-5 115333-21-6
        (optical recording materials containing)
L34 ANSWER 26 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:229635 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        108:229635
                        Broad-spectrum, light-
TITLE:
                        absorbing coating for microelectronic
                        photolithography
INVENTOR(S):
                       Barnes, Gregg A.; Brewer, Terry Lowell;
Flaim,
                        Tony D.; Moss, Mary G.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                       Brewer Science, Inc., USA
SOURCE:
                        Eur. Pat. Appl., 6 pp.
                       CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                       Patent
LANGUAGE:
                       English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
DATE
                       _ _ _ _
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    EP 233056
                       A2 19870819 EP 1987-301002
1987
0204
    EP 233056 A3 19890913
EP 233056 B1 19931215
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
    JP 59093448
                    A2 19840529 JP 1983-179499
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1983

| 0929 | | 06012452 09120163 | B4 A2 | 19940216 19970506 | |
|------|------|--------------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------|
| 1983 | | | | | |
| 0929 | US | 4910122 | A | 19900320 | US 1984-638258 |
| 1984 | | | | | |
| 0806 | US | 4822718 | А | 19890418 | US 1986-825855 |
| 1986 | | | | | i |
| 0204 | US | 4876165 | A | 19891024 | US 1987-2107 |
| 1987 | | | · | · | |
| 0112 | JP | 62264051 | A2 | 19871117 | JP 1987-21945 |
| 1987 | | | | | |
| 0203 | | 08003058 98789 | B4 E | | |
| 1987 | | | | | |
| 0204 | WO | 8805180 | A1 | 19880714 | WO 1988-US42 |
| 1988 | | | | | |
| 0112 | | W: JP, KR RW: AT, BE, | CH, DE, | FR, GB, IT, | LU, NL, SE |
| | EP | 298116 | | | EP 1988-901669 |
| 1988 | | | | | |
| 0112 | FD | 298116 | D1 | 19970827 | |
| | ı, E | 270110 | DI | 17710021 | |

| | AT | R: AT 157465 | | CH, | DE, E | FR, GB, IT, 19970915 | | U, NL, SE 1988-901669 |) |
|--------------|-----|-----------------|------|-----|----------|-------------------------|----|--------------------------|------------|
| 1988 | | | | | | | | | |
| 0112 | JP | 0631396 | 58 | | A2 | 19941108 | JP | 1993-196996 | ; |
| 1993 | | | | | | | | | |
| 0714 PRIO | RIT | Y APPLN. | INFO | .: | | | US | 1986-825855 | A · |
| 1986 | | | | | | 181 | · | | |
| 0204 | | | | - | | · | | | |
| | | | | | - | ÷ . | US | 1987-2107 | |
| 1987 | | | | | | | | | |
| 0112 | | • | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | US | 1982-431798 | |
| 1982 | | | | | | | | | |
| 0930 | | | | | | • | | | |
| | , | | | | | j | JP | 1993-196996 | A3 |
| 1983 | | | | | | | | | |
| 0929 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | US | 1984-638258 | A2 |
| 1984 | | | | | | | | | |
| 0806 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | EP | 1987-301002 | A |
| 1987 | | | | | | | | | |
| 0204 | | | | | | | | | |

AB The title coating which absorbs light from 200 to 1000 nm is comprised of light-absorbing dyes and a polymer binder which forms a tightly adhering, thin, smooth and uniform coating in a solvent system. The binder is preferably a polyimide resin or a polyamic acid precursor of a polyimide resin. The light-absorbing coating is formed on a photoresist for fabrication of integrated circuits to act as a true surface for autofocus of the camera used to expose the photoresist or used where a light-impermeable, high-contrast or black coating is needed, such as, in liquid crystal

displays, light-emitting diodes, photodiodes, solid-state lasers, and patterning apertures on light-wave modulators. Thus, a polyamic acid (a polyimide precursor, obtained by reacting oxydianiline with pyromellitic dianhydride), N-methylpyrrolidone, cyclohexanone, Solvent Blue 44, Solvent Blue 45, Solvent Red 92, and curcumin were mixed and coated on a light-emitting diode to give a black background contrast coating which absorbed light between 200-750 nm.

IT 17354-14-2, Solvent Blue 35

(light-absorbing coatings containing polyimide and dyes and, for optical instruments)

RN 17354-14-2 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-bis(butylamino) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G03F007-00

ICS C09D005-32; C09D003-49; G02B005-22; G02F001-13; G03F001-00

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 73, 76

ST **light absorbing** coating photoresist photolithog; liq crystal display dye coating; diode light emitting

dye coating

IT Polyamic acids
Polyimides, uses and miscellaneous

(light-absorbing coatings containing dyes and, for optical instruments) IT Optical imaging devices (light-absorbing coatings containing polyimide and dyes for) IT Optical materials (light-absorbing, containing polyimide and dyes) Optical imaging devices IT (electro-, liquid-crystal, light-absorbing coatings containing polyimide and dyes for) IT Lithography (photo-, light-absorbing coatings containing polyimide and dyes for use in) IT Resists (photo-, light-absorbing coatings containing polyimide and dyes for, as true surfaces for autofocus of camera for exposure) IT Lasers (solid-state, light-absorbing coatings containing polyimide and dyes for) IT 89-32-7D, reaction products with oxydianiline 101-80-4D, reaction products with pyromellitic dianhydride 9003-39-8, Poly(vinyl pyrrolidone) (light-absorbing coatings containing dyes and, for optical instruments) IT 82-38-2 458-37-7, Curcumin **17354-14-2**, Solvent Blue 35 61725-76-6 61901-93-7 37229-23-5 61725-69-7 114680-60-3 (light-absorbing coatings containing polyimide and dyes and, for optical instruments) L34 ANSWER 27 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 1988:169170 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:169170 TITLE: Anthraguinone dyes for optical recording materials INVENTOR(S): Schwander, Hansrudolf Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ger. Offen., 8 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: GWXXBX DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent German LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND APPLICATION NO. DATE

DATE

| | DE 3724836 | A1 | 19880211 | DE 1987-3724836 |
|--------------|--------------------------|----------|------------|-----------------|
| 1987 | | | | |
| 0727 | CH 670912 | A. | 19890714 | CH 1986-3064 |
| 1986 | | | | |
| 0730 | GB 2193723 | A1 | 19880217 | GB 1987-17515 |
| 1987 | | | | |
| 0723 | GB 2193723 FR 2602365 | B2 A1 | | FR 1987-10694 |
| 1987 | | | · | |
| 0728 | JP 63039390 | A2 | 19880219 | JP 1987-189039 |
| 1987 | | | | |
| 0730 PRIO | RITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | CH 1986-3064 A |
| 1986 | | | | |
| 0730 | | | | |
| OTHER | SOURCE(S): | MARPAT | 108:169170 | |

GI

AB Anthraquinone dyes I (X = H, halogen; Y1, Y2 = nonionic substituent), useful for laser-readable and -printable recording materials, are prepared These optical recording materials contain a carrier, a light-absorbing layer containing ≥1 I compound, and an optional light-reflecting layer. Thus, 1,2,3,4-tetrachloroquinizarin was condensed with p-toluidine, forming I (X = Y2 = H, Y1 = 4-Me),

g of which was mixed with 1.0 g cellulose nitrate, 120 g cyclohexanone added, the mixture filtered, and the solution centrifuged

at 2000 rpm. A glass plate which contained a 50-nm-thick Allayer

was coated with the solution forming $\approx 160\text{-nm-thick}$ light-absorbing layer. The above material was exposed with a focused beam, pulsed He-Ne laser ($\lambda = 633$ nm). This exposed material, when read with a He-Ne laser, improves the signal, which had a high signal/noise ratio.

IT 113943-18-3P 113943-19-4P

(manufacture of, as dye for optical recording materials)

RN 113943-18-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 2,3-dichloro-5,8-dihydroxy-1,4-bis[(4-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 113943-19-4 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 2,3-dibromo-6,7-dichloro-1,4-dihydroxy-5,8-bis[(4-methylphenyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C09B001-514 ICS G11B007-24; C09B005-32

CC 41-4 (Dyes, Organic Pigments, Fluorescent Brighteners, and Photographic Sensitizers)
Section cross-reference(s): 74

ST optical recording material quinone dye; laser readable optical recording material; tetrachloroquinizarin toluidine condensation anthraquinone dye

IT Polycarbonates, uses and miscellaneous Polysulfonamides

(binder, for optical recording material light

-absorbing layers containing anthraquinone dyes)

IT Dyes, anthraquinone

(manufacture of, for optical recording materials)

IT Recording materials

(optical, anthraguinone dyes for, manufacture of)

IT Recording

(optical, laser, anthraquinone dyes for, manufacture of)

IT 9003-20-7, Polyvinylacetate 9003-39-8 9003-53-6, Polystyrene 9004-36-8 9004-70-0, Cellulose nitrate

(binder, for optical recording material light

-absorbing layers containing anthraquinone dyes)

IT 113943-18-3P 113943-19-4P

(manufacture of, as dye for optical recording
materials)

TT 7429-90-5, uses and miscellaneous 7439-92-1, uses and miscellaneous 7440-31-5, Tin, uses and miscellaneous 7440-50-8, uses and miscellaneous 7440-57-5, Gold, uses and miscellaneous 7440-69-9, Bismuth, uses and miscellaneous (optical recording materials containing, in light-reflecting layer)

L34 ANSWER 28 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1987:506411 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

107:106411

TITLE:

Optical recording materials

INVENTOR(S):

Tomita, Yoshinori; Eguchi, Takeshi; Kawada,

Haruki; Nakagiri, Takashi; Nishimura, Yukio;

Saito, Kenji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Canon K. K., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| חשת | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. |
|------|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|
| DATE | | · | | · |
| | | | | |
| | JP 61180238 | A2 | 19860812 | JP 1985-19884 · |

1985

0206

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1985-19884

1985

0206

GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT

AB The title materials contain a light-reflecting or light-absorbing layer, a liquid layer, and a monolayer or multilayer of a clathrate compound that desorbs metal

ions or atoms by photoisomerization. The materials have high resolution, contrast, and sensitivity. The materials are also erasable and adaptable for large scale manufacture Some 0.3 mL of a

solution of 1 mmol I in 300 mL CHCl3 was spread on the surface of $\mbox{H2O}$

surrounded by a movable 20 + 50 cm frame. After the CHCl3 was evaporated, the layer of I was compressed to a 20 + 5 cm size, and an 1 + 3 cm2 of the resultant monomol. layer was transferred to an Al-deposited glass plate. The area occupied by a single mol. was 10 Å2. The layer on the plate was immersed in aqueous 1 mM CuCl2. The reflectance of the material to a 780

laser reading beam was >66%. Irradiation of the material produced

isomerization of I to II, which absorbed 1 Cu(II) ion/mol., to obtain an optical information recording material. The material was immersed in pure H2O and irradiated with a 400 nm light beam to produce isomerization of II back to I with liberation of Cu(II) into H2O. The recorded material was dried in vacuum and the recorded information was readable using a photosensor.

IT 106534-22-9

nm

(optical recording material from metal ion-containing mono- or multilayer of)

RN 106534-22-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzo[b]thiophene-5-decanoic acid, 2,3-dihydro-7-[(2-methoxyethoxy)carbonyl]-2-[7-[(2-methoxyethoxy)carbonyl]-3-oxobenzo[b]thien-2(3H)-ylidene]-3-oxo-, (Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

IT 106534-21-8

(photoisomerization of, optical recording in relation to)

RN 106534-21-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzo[b]thiophene-5-decanoic acid, 2,3-dihydro-7-[(2-methoxyethoxy)carbonyl]-2-[7-[(2-methoxyethoxy)carbonyl]-3-oxobenzo[b]thien-2(3H)-ylidene]-3-oxo-, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

IC ICM G03C001-72

ICS B41M005-26; G11B007-24

- CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
- optical recording photoisomerizable clathrate monolayer; multilayer photoisomerizable clathrate information recording; optical information recording clathrate photoisomerization; metal clathrate photoisomerization optical recording
- IT Inclusion compounds

(clathrates, photoisomerizable, optical recording

materials from mono- or multilayers of) IT Recording materials (optical, from metal-containing mono- or multilayers of photoisomerizable crown ethers) IT Isomerization (photochem., of crown ethers in preparation of optical recording materials) IT 106534-15-0 106534-17-2 **106534-22-9** 106566-61-4 107602-94-8 (optical recording material from metal ion-containing mono- or multilayer of) 7439-97-6, uses and miscellaneous 7439-98-7, uses and IT miscellaneous 7440-09-7, uses and miscellaneous 7440-23-5, uses and miscellaneous 7440-50-8, uses and miscellaneous (optical recording materials from mono- or multilayers of crown ethers and) IT 106512-78-1 106534-14-9 106534-16-1 106534-18-3 106534-21-8 (photoisomerization of, optical recording in relation to) L34 ANSWER 29 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:487296 HCAPLUS 107:87296 Optical **recording** material DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: Ozawa, Tetsuo; Maeda, Shuichi; Kurose, Yutaka Mitsubishi Chemical Industries Co., Ltd., INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. DATE _ _ _ _ JP 62018290 A2 19870127 JP 1985-156596 1985

1985

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1985-156596

0716

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IT

AB The title material is composed of a support bearing a recording layer containing a light-absorbing compound I [R = Ph or naphthalene ring substituted by 1 or 2 groups

selected from halo, alkylthio, hydroxylalkyl, aralkyloxy]. The material has high sensitivity for laser beam recording and high storage stability. Thus, 5-amino-2,3-dicyano-1,4-naphthoquinone was reacted with p-hydroxyethylaniline in EtOH and recrystd. to yield I (R = P-C6H4C2H4OH) (II). II was vacuum-sublimated on a methacrylate resin support to form a recording dye layer with a thickness of 2010 Å and a broad absorption peaked at 790 nm. The dye layer was exposed to

semiconductor laser beam (power 4 m W; diameter 1 $\mu m)$ operated at

830 nm to give a recoded pit (1 + 2 μ m in size) with a clear outline and a high carrier-to-noise (C/N) ratio of 52 dB. 109825-44-7

(optical recording layer from)

RN 109825-44-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,3-Anthracenedicarbonitrile, 5-amino-9,10-dihydro-8-[[3-(methylthio)phenyl]amino]-9,10-dioxo-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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IC ICM B41M005-26
ICS G11B007-24
```

CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 41

ST semiconductor laser optical recording disk; naphthoquinone amino cyano optical recording layer

IT **Recording** materials

(optical, aminocicyanonaphthoquinone dyes for)

IT 80830-01-9 101816-58-4 101816-59-5 107717-15-7

109793-09-1

109793-10-4 109793-11-5 109793-12-6 109793-13-7 109793-16-0 109793-14-8 109793-15-9 109793-17-1 109793-18-2 109793-19-3 109793-20-6 109793-21-7 109793-22-8 109793-23-9 109793-24-0 109793-25-1

109825-44-7

(optical recording layer from)

IT 2987-53-3

(reaction of, with aminodicyanonaphthoquinone, in preparation of dye

for optical recording material)

IT 104-10-9

(reaction of, with aminodicyanonaphthoquinone, in preparation of

dyes for optical recording material)

IT 68217-29-8

(reaction of, with methylethylaniline, in preparation of dye for

optical recording material)

L34 ANSWER 30 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1987:129418 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

106:129418

TITLE:

Laser-sensitive optical recording

medium

INVENTOR(S):

Ozawa, Hiroshi; Nishizawa, Isao; Hirose,

Sumio; Abe, Kenji; Hosono, Yoichi; Nakatsuka,

Masakatsu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Inc., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

DATE

JP 61171388 A2 19860802 JP 1985-10774

1985

0125

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1985-10774

1985

0125

AB The recording medium has a recording layer composed of a dichromatic dye having a light absorption maximum at 550-900 nm and a polymer that has an anisotropic mol. assembling state at <50° and a partial anisotropic or completely isotropic state at 80-350°. The polymer may be prepared by heating a composition containing polyhexamethylene

terephthalate having OH groups at the ends and a polyethylene glycol-diphenylmethane diisocyanate oligomer having isocyanate groups at the ends.

IT 78536-02-4

(dichromatic dye, erasable laser-sensitive optical
recording medium with recording layer containing)

RN 78536-02-4 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,5-diamino-2-[4-(heptyloxy)phenyl]-4,8-dihydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OH O NH₂

$$O-(CH2)6-Me$$

$$NH2 O OH$$

IC ICM B41M005-26

ICS G11B007-24

CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST laser optical **recording** medium erasable; dichromatic dye polymer laser **recording**

IT Polyamides, uses and miscellaneous

Urethane polymers, uses and miscellaneous

(aromatic, cholesteric-nematic liquid crystal, erasable

laser-sensitive optical recording medium with

recording layer containing)

IT Recording materials

(optical, laser-sensitive, erasable, with recording

layer containing dichromatic dye and anisotropic polymer)

IT 107185-51-3

(cholesteric-nematic liquid crystal, erasable laser-sensitive optical recording medium with recording

layer containing)

IT 4197-25-5 28782-33-4 **78536-02-4**

(dichromatic dye, erasable laser-sensitive optical recording medium with recording layer containing)

111-20-6D, polymers with diphenylmethane diisocyanate 25322-68-3D, Polyethylene glycol, oligomers with diphenylmethane diisocyanate, polymers with polyhexamethylene terephthalate 26618-59-7D, Polyhexamethylene terephthalate, polymer with polyethylene glycol-diphenylmethane diisocyanate oligomer 26637-42-3D, Polyhexamethylene terephthalate, polymer with polyethylene glycol-diphenylmethane diisocyanate oligomer (erasable laser-sensitive optical recording medium with recording layer containing)

L34 ANSWER 31 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:505851 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:105851

DOCUMENT NOMBER. 103.10303.

TITLE: Optical recording material INVENTOR(S): Simmons, Howard Ensign, III

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co., USA

SOURCE:

Braz. Pedido PI, 20 pp.

CODEN: BPXXDX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Portuguese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| DATE | PATENT NO. | | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. |
|------|------------|---|------|----------|-----------------|
| | | - | | | |
| | BR 8500852 | | Α | 19851015 | BR 1985-852 |

1985

0226

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1984-586106

Α

1984

0301

AB The title material has a **light-absorbing** layer placed on a dimensionally stable substrate. The layer is made of a polymeric dye with absorptivity of .apprx.0.046 in the visible and IR regions for 1 μ m thickness. The dye is obtained by condensing-malonaldehyde (or adipic or sebacic chloride) with chromophoric aromatic polyamines (thionine, violet cresyl acetate,

Blue 59 Solvent). The material obtained has high reflectivity, short image reproduction time, low thermal-diffusion coefficient, good

image contrast, and long-term stability and is economic to manufacture

IT 6994-46-3

(condensation reaction of, with malonaldehyde or adipic chloride in preparation of polymeric dye for **optical** recording materials)

RN 6994-46-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-bis(ethylamino) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G03G005-07

ICS G01D015-14

CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST optical recording material polymeric dye

IT Dyes

(polymeric, prepared by condensing malonaldehyde or adipic chloride with chromophoric aromatic polyamines, for optical recording materials)

IT Recording materials

(optical, polymeric dyes prepared by condensing malonaldehyde

or

adipic chloride with chromophoric aromatic polyamines)

IT Amines, reactions

(poly-, aromatic, chromophoric, condensation reaction of, with malonaldehyde or adipic chloride in preparation of polymeric

dyes

for optical recording materials)

IT 111-19-3 111-50-2 542-78-9

(condensation reaction of, with chromophoric aromatic polyamines

in preparation of polymeric dyes for optical **recording** materials)

IT 581-64-6 **6994-46-3** 10510-54-0

(condensation reaction of, with malonaldehyde or adipic chloride in preparation of polymeric dye for optical recording materials)

L34 ANSWER 32 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:433038 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:33038

TITLE: Optical recording material

containing aminoanthraquinone derivative Neumann, Peter; Albert, Bernhard; Etzbach,

INVENTOR(S): Neumann, Peter; Albert, Bernhard; E

Karl Heinz; Schomann, Klaus Dieter

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): BASF A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE:

Ger. Offen., 15 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION | NO. |
|------------|------|------|-------------|-----|
|------------|------|------|-------------|-----|

DATE

DE 3426093 A1 19860123 DE 1984-3426093

1984

0714

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

DE 1984-3426093

1984

0714

GI

AB Optical recording materials, having a smooth light-absorbing layer with a high optical quality, so that the recorded information shows a high signal-to-noise ratio, are composed of a support with a light-absorbing layer containing an aminoanthraquinone derivative (I; R = heterocyclyl; R1 = NH2, arylamino, aralkylamino, or alkylamino; and R2 = H, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, OH, alkoxy, aralkoxy, aryloxy, NO2, NH2, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylthio, or arylthio). Thus, a glass support having a 50 nm thick Au reflector layer was coated with a 20 nm thick II layer by vapor deposition. Recording on the layer was

accomplished by using a He-Ne laser.

T7053-16-9 30065-52-2 83567-53-7
95222-72-3 102864-65-3 103013-42-9
103013-43-0 103013-44-1 103013-45-2
(laser optical recording materials containing, with high signal-to-noise ratio)

RN 7053-16-9 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione,
1,4-diamino-2-[5-[(phenylmethyl)thio]-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & NH_2 \\ \hline \\ O & NH_2 \\ \hline \\ O & NH_2 \\ \end{array}$$

RN 30065-52-2 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-diamino-2-[3-(phenylmethyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
O & NH_2 \\
\hline
N & CH_2 - Ph \\
\hline
O & NH_2
\end{array}$$

RN 83567-53-7 HCAPLUS
CN 9,10-Anthracenedione,
1,4-diamino-2-[5-[(phenylmethyl)thio]-1,3,4thiadiazol-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & NH_2 \\ \hline & N \\ S - CH_2 - Ph \end{array}$$

RN 95222-72-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-diamino-2-(5-phenyl-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 102864-65-3 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-diaminomethyl-2-[5-(2-methylpropyl)-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

D1-Me

RN 103013-42-9 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-diamino-2-[5-(phenylmethyl)-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & NH_2 \\ \hline \\ O & NH_2 \\ \hline \\ O & NH_2 \\ \end{array}$$

RN 103013-43-0 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-diamino-2-[5-[(2-methylpropyl)thio]-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 103013-44-1 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-diamino-2-[5-(1-methylethyl)-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 103013-45-2 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-diamino-2-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G11B007-24

> ICS C09B001-16; C09B001-50

74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and CC Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 41

ST aminoanthraquinone deriv laser recording material; oxadiazolyldiaminoanthraquinone deriv laser recording material; thiadiazolyldiaminoanthraquinone deriv laser recording material; anthraguinone deriv laser recording material

ITDyes, anthraguinone

> (laser optical recording materials containing, with high signal-to-noise ratio)

IT Recording materials

> (optical, containing aminoanthraquinone derivs. for high signal-to-noise ratio)

IT 7053-16-9 30065-52-2 83567-53-7

95222-72-3 102864-65-3 103013-42-9

103013-43-0 103013-44-1 103013-45-2

(laser optical recording materials containing,

with high signal-to-noise ratio)

IT 7429-90-5, uses and miscellaneous 7440-57-5, uses and miscellaneous

(laser optical recording materials with aminoanthraquinone derivative-recording layer and reflecting layer of, with high signal-to-noise ratio)

ANSWER 33 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:141001 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:141001

TITLE: Laser multilayer recording materials

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Public Corp.,

Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| DATE | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. |
|------|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|
| | | | | |
| | JP 59210543 | A2 | 19841129 | JP 1983-84249 |

1983

0516

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1983-84249

1983

0516

AB A multilayer laser **recording** material with improved sensitivity and stability is obtained by forming on a substrate a multiset laminate wherein each set is a sandwiched structure comprised of a light absorbing middle layer which is the same for all sets and 2 transparent outer layers. The above sandwiched multiset laminate may contain >2 different light absorbing middle layers.

IT 14233-37-5

(laser multiset sandwiched laminated recording materials with light-absorbing layer of)

RN 14233-37-5 HCAPLUS -

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 1,4-bis[(1-methylethyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC G11B007-24; B41M005-26; G11C013-04

CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST laser multilayer recording sandwich structure;

recording laser absorption transparent multilayer IT Glass, nonoxide (chalcogenide, laser multiset sandwiched laminated recording materials with light-absorbing layer of) IT Amides, uses and miscellaneous (aliphatic, laser multiset sandwiched laminated recording materials with transparent layer of) IT Recording materials (optical, multiset sandwiched laminate for, containing light-absorbing middle layer) 7440-21-3, uses and miscellaneous IT (amorphous hydrogenated, laser multiset sandwiched laminated recording materials with light-absorbing layer of) IT 2321-07-5 (laser multiset sandwiched laminated recording materials containing) IT 81-88-9 989-38-8 1562-85-2 **14233-37-5** 15730-54-8 72079-62-0 95665-09-1 (laser multiset sandwiched laminated recording materials with light-absorbing layer of) 7440-22-4, uses and miscellaneous IT 7440-57-5, uses and miscellaneous 7440-69-9, uses and miscellaneous 13494-80-9, uses and miscellaneous 13930-88-6 53199-37-4 89962-82-3. 95570-07-3 (laser multiset sandwiched laminated recording materials with light-adsorbing layer of) 77-09-8 80-05-7, uses and miscellaneous 124-26-5 125-20-2 IT 1314-35-8, uses and miscellaneous 1552-42-7 5339-80-0 7446-07-3 7631-86-9, uses and miscellaneous 26628-47-7 87715-08-0 (laser multiset sandwiched laminated recording materials with transparent layer of) L34 ANSWER 34 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:123172 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:123172 Optical recording materials TITLE: PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): TDK Corp., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

APPLICATION NO.

KIND DATE

1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

DATE

JP 59045195

A2 19840313

JP 1982-156126

1982

0908

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1982-156126

1982

0908

GI

AB Optical recording materials have a recording layer containing a thermoplastic vinyl polymer having dye residues.

Preferably, the dye residues are on the polymer side chains, and the number of repeating units ≤1000. The materials are free from phase separation and dye migration because the recording layer consists of a light-absorbing polymer,

and high dye concentration may be employed in order to increase

the

sensitivity and rate of **recording**. It also provides high signal-to-noise ratio on reading and high storage stability. Thus, polystyrene having 40 monomer units was nitrated using HNO3 and H2SO4, reduced with SnCl2 in HCl, diazotized, and coupled

with

β-naphthol to obtain deep red polymer having 20 mol% of the dye unit I with 50% yield. The polymer was coated on an acrylic polymer plate. Bit recording and reading using a He-Cd laser showed improved sensitivity, stability in repeated reading, and storage stability, against parallel run using a dye-containing

polyethylene resin.

95235-76-0D, reaction products with aminated vinyl polymers 95255-36-0D, reaction products with vinyl polymers

(for optical recording materials)

- RN 95235-76-0 HCAPLUS
- CN 2-Anthracenecarbonyl chloride, 1-amino-9,10-dihydro-4-(methylamino)-9,10-dioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX-NAME)

- RN 95255-36-0 HCAPLUS
- CN Benzo[b]thiophen-3(2H)-one, 6-ethoxy-2-(6-hydroxy-3-oxobenzo[b]thien-2(3H)-ylidene)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 95235-78-2D, reaction products with aminated poly(α -methylstyrene)

(optical recording materials from)

- RN 95235-78-2 HCAPLUS
- CN 2-Anthracenecarbonyl chloride, 1-amino-4-[[3-[(3-aminopropyl)amino]propyl]amino]-9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-(9CI)(CA INDEX NAME)

IC B41M005-26; G03C001-72; G11B007-24; G11C013-04

CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST optical recording colored vinyl polymer

IT Recording materials

(optical, containing thermoplastic vinyl polymer having dye residues on side chains for increased sensitivity and recording speed)

IT 60-09-3D, reaction products with vinyl polymers 116-85-8D, reaction products with vinyl polymers 23222-15-3D, reaction products with aminated vinyl polymers 95235-75-9D, reaction products with aminated vinyl polymers 95235-76-0D, reaction products with vinyl polymers 95255-36-0D, reaction products with vinyl polymers 95255-37-1D, reaction products with aminated vinyl polymers 95392-42-0D, reaction products with vinyl polymers 95392-42-0D, reaction products with vinyl polymers

(for optical recording materials)

IT 135-19-3D, reaction products with diazotized polystyrene 9003-53-6D, diazotized, reaction product with β -naphthol (optical recording material from)

IT 101-56-4D, reaction products with hydroxyphenylmethacrylamide 31259-10-6D, reaction products with phenylaminobenzenediazonium chloride 95235-78-2D, reaction products with aminated poly(α -methylstyrene)

(optical recording materials from)

IT 25014-31-7D, aminated

(reaction of, in preparation of blue-colored polymeric product for $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right)$

optical recording materials)

L34 ANSWER 35 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:638258 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:238258

TITLE: Laser recording material PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

1

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE

DATE

JP 58224448

A2 19831226 JP 1982-107543

1982

0624

JP 04024771 B4 19920428

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1982-107543

1982

0624

or a

AB A laser recording material with improved recording sensitivity to a semiconductor laser beam is obtained by laminating on a substrate in any order a light reflecting layer comprised of a low melting metal (e.g., Te) or a dye having a bronze luster and a light absorbing layer comprised of a compound having the anthraquinone or indanthrene structure

composition containing the above compound and other components.

93376-80-8 93376-84-2 IT

(laser recording materials with light-

absorbing layer of)

RN 93376-80-8 HCAPLUS

2,3-Anthracenedicarbonitrile, 9,10-dihydro-5,8-bis[(4-CN methoxyphenyl)amino]-9,10-dioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
RN 93376-84-2 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Anthracenesulfonic acid,
4-[(4-aminophenyl)amino]-9,10-dihydro-1-
[(2-methylphenyl)amino]-6,7-dinitro-9,10-dioxo-, monosodium salt
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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IC G11B007-24

ICA B41M005-00; G11C013-04

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST laser recording reflecting absorbing layer

IT. Dyes

(indanthrene, laser recording materials containing)

IT Dyes, anthraquinone

(laser recording materials containing)

IT Recording materials

(optical, laser, with light effective layer and light adsorbing

layer)

IT 61-73-4 1324-58-9 482-89-3 3248-93-9 7440-31-5, uses and 7440-38-2D, solid solns. with selenium and miscellaneous tellurium 7440-69-9, uses and miscellaneous 7782-49-2, uses and miscellaneous 7782-49-2D, solid solns. with arsenic and 13494-80-9, uses and miscellaneous 13494-80-9D, solid solns. with arsenic and selenium 15187-16-3 27906-68-9 55427-95-7 70066-45-4 93376-76-2 93376-77-3

(laser recording materials with light reflecting

layer of)

TT 78679-96-6 93376-78-4 93376-79-5 **93376-80-8** 93376-81-9 93376-82-0 93376-83-1 **93376-84-2** 93376-85-3 93376-86-4 93376-87-5 93376-88-6 93395-45-0

(laser recording materials with lightabsorbing layer of)

L34 ANSWER 36 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1983:513738 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

99:113738

TITLE:

Optical recording medium Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

1210

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

| DATE | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|------|----------------|------------------|---|
| | | | | | |
| | JP 58101093 | A2 | 19830616 | JP 1981-197708 | |
| 1981 | : | | | | |
| 1210 | US 4465767 | A | 19840814 | US 1982-424688 | |
| 1982 | | | | | |
| 0927 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1981-189235 | 1 | |
| 1981 | | | | | |
| 1127 | | | | | |
| | | | | JP 1981-189236 A | 1 |
| 1981 | | | | | |
| 1127 | | | | | |
| | · | | | JP 1981-197707 A | |
| 1981 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Α

JP 1981-197708

1981

1210

of 1

AB An optical recording medium is claimed whose recording layer is composed of (1) a light-absorbing outer surface layer containing a dye, and (2) a metallic light-reflecting inner layer containing or not containing a dye.

This medium can be fabricated by coating and heating, and provides

a high sensitivity **recording** material not requiring a protecting layer, and can be manufactured by a continuous process.

Thus, a recording layer is formed on a glass plate by coating it with a mixture of AgNO3, aqueous NH3, glucose and Soluble Blue

OBB (C.I.42780) (from Orient Chemical Ind.) and drying. Signals were

recorded by laser irradiation from the support side (7 nJ/pit) to yield pits of 1.1 μ m diameter Similar **disk** without addition of the dye required 17.5 nJ/pit for formation of a pit

um diameter

IT 1324-82-9 2580-78-1 4368-56-3

(optical laser recording material containing)

RN 1324-82-9 HCAPLUS

CN [1,1'-Biphenyl] sulfonic acid,

4,4''-[(9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-1,4-

anthracenediyl)diimino]bis-, disodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

●2 Na

RN 2580-78-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Anthracenesulfonic acid, 1-amino-9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-4-[[3-[[2-(sulfooxy)ethyl]sulfonyl]phenyl]amino]-, disodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

•2 Na

RN 4368-56-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Anthracenesulfonic acid, 1-amino-4-(cyclohexylamino)-9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Na

IC B41M005-26; G11B007-24; G11C013-04

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CC
    74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
    Other Reprographic Processes)
    optical laser recording material
ST
IT
    Recording materials
        (laser, metallic light-reflecting layer and light-
       absorbing layer containing dye)
IT
    61-73-4 1324-82-9 1937-37-7 2580-78-1
    2602-46-2 2650-18-2 3520-42-1 3521-06-0 3875-70-5
    4368-56-3 5489-77-0 6473-13-8 7761-88-8, uses and
    miscellaneous 12219-19-1
        (optical laser recording material containing)
IT
    9002-86-2 9002-89-5 9003-39-8
        (optical laser recording medium containing layer of)
L34 ANSWER 37 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        1982:113325 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        96:113325
                        Fluorescent composition having the ability to
TITLE:
                        change wavelengths of light, shaped article
of
                       this composition as a light wavelength
                        converting element, and device for
                       converting optical energy to electrical
energy
                       using this element
                       Harada, Toshiaki; Hiramatsu, Toshiyuki;
INVENTOR(S):
                       Yamaji, Teizo
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                       Teijin Ltd. , Japan
                       Eur. Pat. Appl., 51 pp.
SOURCE:
                       CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                       Patent
LANGUAGE:
                       English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO.
DATE
    _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
    EP 41274
                       A1
                              19811209 EP 1981-104273
1981
0603
    EP 41274
                       B1
                             19840314
        R: DE, FR, GB
    JP 57000189
                        A2 19820105 JP 1980-74180
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| 1980 | | | | | |
|--------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------|---|
| 0604 | JP 62028817 JP 57021453 | B4 A2 | 19870623 19820204 | JP 1980-95595 | |
| 1980 | | | | | |
| 0715 | JP 57023653 | A2 | 19820206 | JP 1980-98633 | |
| 1980 | | | | | |
| 0721 PRIO | RITY APPLN. INFO.: | JP 1980-74180 | A | | |
| 1980 | | | | | |
| 0604 | | | | | |
| | • | | | JP 1980-95595 | Ą |
| 1980 | | | | | |
| 0715 | | | | | |
| | | | | JP 1980-98633 | A |
| 1980 | | | | | |
| 0721 | | | | | |

AB A fluorescent composition which can absorb light over a broad wavelength region for release at a lower wavelength consists of a polymer with a relatively high mol. cohesive force and a relatively difficulty-soluble organic fluorescent substance. This

composition has a high efficiency of light wavelength conversion and

excellent light resistance. Thus, 103 parts of polyethylene terephthalate chips and 0.2 parts of C. I. Vat Blue 20 were dry-blended and melted at 300° to form a polymer. A 1-mm thick film obtained from this polymer had an absorption of 15.0% at 800 nm compared to 12.0% for a blank film. The film was colored blue and had red fluorescence. The fluorescence spectrum of this film showed that it absorbed light in

the vicinity of 600 nm and converted it to light in the vicinity of 640 nm. The radiation energy of the film for transmission of sunlight was measured. The film emitted greater energy than natural sunlight in the emission area and the efficiency of light conversion at one surface of this film was .apprx.12% in terms of an energy unit.

IT 522-75-8 2379-74-0

(phosphors from polymers and, for optical energy conversion)

RN 522-75-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzo[b]thiophen-3(2H)-one, 2-(3-oxobenzo[b]thien-2(3H)-ylidene)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 2379-74-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzo[b]thiophen-3(2H)-one, 6-chloro-2-(6-chloro-4-methyl-3-oxobenzo[b]thien-2(3H)-ylidene)-4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC C09K011-06; C09K011-02; C08K005-00; H01L031-04

CC 73-5 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

Section cross-reference(s): 52

IT Photoelectric devices, solar

(dye-polymer phosphors for)

IT 116-71-2 128-64-3 128-70-1 **522-75-8**

2379-74-0 2379-77-3 4216-02-8 4424-06-0 4948-15-6

5521-31-3 6925-69-5 24108-89-2

(phosphors from polymers and, for optical energy conversion)

L34 ANSWER 38 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:466857 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 79:66857

Synthesis of high polymers with a light TITLE:

absorption band in the visible region by an

interfacial polycondensation reaction

Shiba, Motoharu; Hiramasu, Hidenori; Nakano, AUTHOR(S):

Hiroto; Kawano, Yasuaki; Shiqeri, Yoshimichi;

Kondo, Tamotsu

CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Lab., Chugai Pharm. Co., Ltd., Tokyo,

Japan

SOURCE: Polymer Journal (Tokyo, Japan) (1973), 4(4),

CODEN: POLJB8; ISSN: 0032-3896

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

English LANGUAGE:

AΒ A solution containing 0.005 mole dye containing .geq. two active H atoms

(i.e. Direct Yellow-4 [6472-91-9], Direct Orange-10 [6405-94-3], Direct Red-28 [573-58-0], Direct Brown-1A [2586-58-5], Direct Green-6 [4335-09-5], and Acid Blue-43 [2150-60-9]), 500 ml H2O, and 0.01 mole NaOH was mixed with 0.005 mole sebacoyl chloride [111-19-3] in 100 ml CHCl3 for 30 min and blended with 100 ml cyclohexane to yield the polymer, which was dried, dispersed in H2O, dialyzed in cellophane tubing against NaOH, and precipitated with CaCl2. The polymers absorbed visible light in solution, and the position of λ max of their visible spectra was the same as that of the visible spectra of

the

monomer dyes. Changing the solvent shifted the λmaximum ir spectra of the polymers was also discussed.

CC 35-3 (Synthetic High Polymers) Section cross-reference(s): 40

ANSWER 39 OF 39 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L34

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:468317 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 63:68317 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 63:12546f-a

TITLE: Selectively saturable organic dyes used as

optical switches and optical impulse

amplifiers

Roess, D. AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: Siemens Halske A.-G., Munich, Germany SOURCE:

Zeitschrift fuer Naturforschung (1965), 20a,

696-700

CODEN: ZNTFA2; ISSN: 0372-9516

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

can

German

AB The absorption of organic dye solns. can be selectively saturated by

monochromatic light in a very small spectral region, p/ Δv <10-5, as compared to the line width. A series of new saturable substances is described by the emission frequencies of ruby lasers. The sensitivity of the selectively saturable switches

be increased to the extent that the blocked laser oscillators can be redeemed by a foreign light of small intensity. The uses of such optical impulse amplifiers as quantum counters and a logistic

element are discussed.

IT 4430-16-4, m-Toluenesulfonic acid, 6,6'-[(5,8-dihydroxy-1,4-anthraquinonylene)diimino]di-, disodium salt (absorption (optical) by, light

amplifiers and swtiches in relation to)

RN 4430-16-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid,

2,2'-[(9,10-dihydro-5,8-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-1,4-anthracenediyl)diimino]bis[5-methyl-, disodium salt (9CI)

INDEX NAME)

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     10 (Spectra and Some Other Optical Properties)
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        (absorption of laser light by, optical
        impulse amplifiers and optical switches in relation to) .
IT
    Aniline Blue
     C.I. Mordant Black 11
     Filter Blue Green
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    28631-66-5, Water Blue 37247-10-2, Azure II 98341-60-7,
     3H-Phenoxazine, 7-(diethylamino)-3-imino-8-methyl-, hydrochloride
        (absorption (optical) by, light amplifiers
        and switches in relation to)
```

4430-16-4, m-Toluenesulfonic acid, 6,6'-[(5,8-dihydroxy-

1,4-anthraquinonylene)diimino]di-, disodium salt

(absorption (optical) by, light

amplifiers and swtiches in relation to)